

# Power System Studies, Field Services and Conversions

Full Service Providers



<b>10.1 Overview of Services</b>	
Overview . . . . .	V3-T10-2
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension . . . . .	V3-T10-5
Power Systems Automation Group . . . . .	V3-T10-8
Instant Response Center Services . . . . .	V3-T10-10
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units . . . . .	V3-T10-11
<b>10.2 Power System Studies</b>	
Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies . . . . .	V3-T10-12
Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study . . . . .	V3-T10-15
Harmonic Analysis Study . . . . .	V3-T10-17
Advanced Analysis and Design Services . . . . .	V3-T10-19
<b>10.3 Field Engineering Services</b>	
Selection Guide . . . . .	V3-T10-23
<b>10.4 Predictive Diagnostic</b>	
Partial Discharge Testing . . . . .	V3-T10-29
Medium and High Voltage Predictive Diagnostics Online Monitoring and Partial Discharge Analysis . . . . .	V3-T10-32
<b>10.5 Retrofit Services</b>	
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	V3-T10-34
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers . . . . .	V3-T10-39
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	V3-T10-41
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	V3-T10-45
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits . . . . .	V3-T10-46
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement . . . . .	V3-T10-50
MCC Replacement Units . . . . .	V3-T10-52
<b>10.6 Performance-Based Maintenance Services</b>	
General Description . . . . .	V3-T10-55

# 10.1

## Power System Studies, Field Services and Conversions

### Overview of Services

Experienced Professional Engineers



10

#### Overview

Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems (EESS) provides intelligent PowerChain™ solutions for existing, evolving, unexpected service needs. The solutions can improve electrical system reliability, reduce downtime, extend the useful life of the power distribution system, and minimize electrical operating and maintenance costs.

#### General Description

This organization supports consultants and end-users on new construction, integrated engineering solutions and facility expansion projects.

EESS can package a complete power distribution system with Eaton manufactured products, supplemented by other OEM components to best satisfy the end-user requirements. EESS can provide optimization of owner's electrical power assets with guarantees and savings.

Also provided is a full complement of services to maintain and modernize electrical power distribution, and process control systems.

End-users include industrials, commercial facilities, utilities, municipalities, institutions, government and military locations.

Service capabilities include:

- Turnkey project management
- System integration
- Training
- Startup and commissioning
- Predictive and preventive maintenance
- Electrical system modernization
- Circuit breaker specialized services

Division-wide capabilities support regional service centers located throughout the U.S. and Canada. Service centers are equipped with the most technologically advanced test and diagnostic equipment. The Power Systems Engineering Group uses industry standard software with advanced system modeling and analysis capabilities.

#### Contents

##### Description

##### Page

Overview of Services	
Overview	
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-5</b>
Power Systems Automation Group . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-8</b>
Instant Response Center Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-10</b>
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units	<b>V3-T10-11</b>

In addition to the local service centers, aftermarket centers of excellence can furnish the full complement of circuit breaker specialized services.

Division-wide safety and quality programs ensure customer satisfaction, while maintaining safety as a first priority.

Experienced professional engineers, graduate engineers, field engineers and technicians are trained on both Eaton products and competitive electrical power distribution products. This cross-OEM experience allows for the application of new products and services to all manufacturer's electrical equipment.

#### Turnkey Project Management



**Project Team**

The following is a detailed listing of engineering service offerings.

- Substation design, management and construction
- Electrical, mechanical and instrumentation services
- Power system studies:
  - Short-circuit
  - Coordination
  - Arc flash
  - Load flow, etc.
- Power quality and harmonic studies
- Renewable energy design and interconnection analysis
- Failure/root-cause analysis
- CAD services
- Equipment relocation
- Turnkey transformer and capacitor replacements

### System Integration and Training



**Computer Diagnostics**

- Plant monitoring, protection and control:
  - Digitrip™/Advantage™
  - PowerNet™/Power Xpert®
  - DeviceNet/PLC interface
- Energy management/load shedding
- Distributed generation
- Generator/emergency power systems
- PLC/PC control and open automation systems
- Drive and MCC systems training (scheduled and on-site):
  - Distribution systems analysis
  - Power quality and grounding
  - Electrical equipment maintenance
  - PLCs and drive systems
  - Customized training programs

### Predictive Diagnostics



**Field Data Collection**

Eaton's predictive diagnostics leads the industry in predictive diagnostic tools and services. With the growing demand for reduced outages and increased uptime, online monitoring of electrical insulation systems is becoming an integral part of efficient plant maintenance in the utility, industrial and commercial markets. Eaton predictive diagnostics provides online monitoring services of insulation systems via the effective measurement and analysis of partial discharges. This allows for detection of traditional corona damage, or surface tracking, prior to equipment failure. This advanced technology is applied to medium voltage systems such as: generators, motors, switchgear, transformers and cable systems.

Services are implemented through the network of EESS field locations.

- Medium voltage generator and medium voltage motor partial discharge (PD) detection using existing RTDs with temporary or permanent sensors
- Medium voltage switchgear PD detection using temporary or permanent sensors. Permanent sensors differentiate cable-related PD to switchgear PD
- Transformers (34.5 kV primary and above) PD detection using permanent sensors connected to bushing capacitive taps
- Transformer (34.5 kV primary and above) bushing monitoring, with permanent sensors, of any change in power factor and bushing capacitance

### Startup, Commissioning and Maintenance



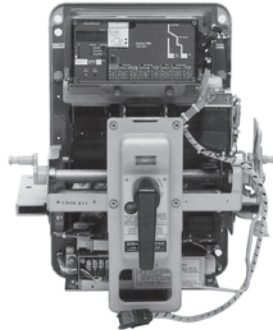
**Field Startup**

- Installation support and supervision
- Acceptance testing
- Commissioning and energizing
- Startup, training and warranty support
- Exclusive Eaton products 2-year warranty
- Ground fault certifications
- Ground grid testing
- Cable testing and fault identification
- Relay testing and calibration
- PM program design and implementation
- Thermograph surveys
- Predictive, preventive maintenance and troubleshooting
  - Transformers and tap changers
  - High voltage systems
  - Substations medium and low voltage
  - Relay systems
  - Automatic transfer schemes
  - Battery systems
  - Low/medium voltage breakers
  - Motors
  - SF6, OCB, WLI components
  - Network protectors
  - Motor control centers and molded case breakers
- Drive systems
- PLC/control and open automation systems
- Nuclear Class 1E safety-related field service

**Electrical System Modernization****Equipment Inspection**

- Switchgear bus MVA upgrading
- Bus insulation systems
- Medium voltage vacuum breaker roll-in replacements
- Low voltage breaker replacement
- Low and medium voltage motor starting upgrades
- Low voltage breaker (all OEMs) trip system upgrades—Digitrip
- Low and medium voltage cell retrofits
- Molded case breaker upgrades
- Motor control center buckets upgrades
- Protection, metering, and communications:
  - Low voltage breakers: Digitrip/PowerNet
  - Overload protection
  - Metering systems: IQ family
  - PowerNet implementation
  - Harmonic measurements

- Distribution and substation automation systems
- Power factor control and correction (filtered)
- Ground fault detection systems
- Surge/lightning protection systems
- Automatic transfer scheme upgrades
- Network protector service/relaying systems
- High resistance grounding and detection
- Generator voltage regulation
- Generator static excitation systems
- Cogeneration switchgear interface relaying
- Reduced voltage/soft starters
- Drive/PLC system upgrades
- Synchronous field application upgrades

**Trip Unit Upgrade****Circuit Breaker Specialized Services**

- Low and medium voltage replacement breakers
- Low voltage retrofits (all OEMs: Digitrip RMS kits)
- Medium voltage vacuum roll-in breakers (all OEMs)
- Low and medium voltage recondition and remanufacture
- MCC recondition and remanufacture
- Network protector service
- Navy shipboard breakers
- Nuclear Class 1E safety-related circuit breakers

**Manufacturer's Brand Equipment Serviced**

- Cutler-Hammer®
- Westinghouse®
- Square D®
- General Electric®
- ITE®/BBC/ABB®
- Allis Chalmers/Siemens®
- Federal Pacific®
- Challenger®
- Obsolete equipment

**References**

Electrical System Modernization uses advanced Eaton products.

Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems (EESS)



Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Overview . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-2</b>
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension	
Elements of a Performance-Based Maintenance Program . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-6</b>
Asset Optimization Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-6</b>
Knowledge Management . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-7</b>
Power Systems Engineering Solutions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-7</b>
Power Systems Automation Group . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-8</b>
Instant Response Center Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-10</b>
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-11</b>

**Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension**

**General Description**

A company's facilities exist for a single purpose: to support the mission and objectives of the company's business. It is essential that the power distribution equipment and energy assets that sustain production and services are working as efficiently and effectively as possible.

The core business of Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems (EES) centers on power distribution and energy management.

1. We offer Powerchain Management solutions and we take care of your systems so you can take care of your business.
2. One area of the PowerChain™ is maintenance solutions.

Eaton knows that a successful maintenance program has the following characteristics:

- Enables you to schedule maintenance based on actual device operation history
- Eliminates unnecessary maintenance work and related production outages
- Reduction of spare parts requirements due to increased accuracy of equipment history
- Reduction of overall maintenance costs

**Performance-Based Maintenance (PBM) Program**

Eaton offers centrally coordinated management of all procurement, installation, startup and systems required to implement powerful solutions. Whether you have a single site or multiple sites, Eaton has the solutions that fit various project needs.

The PBM Program offers a definitive result and at a guaranteed price. We integrate four proven maintenance programs to positively impact your key business drivers and give you high returns on investment.

1. Planned Maintenance Module: addressing operational performance, as-left conditions, environmental considerations, and testing and calibration results.
2. Predictive Diagnostic Module: focusing on visual observations, environmental and thermal conditions, and predictive indicator results.
3. Reliability-Centered Maintenance Module: concentrating on the potential for injuries, environmental hazards and product losses or process interruptions.
4. Periodic Observations Module: centering on equipment loading, and visual and environmental observations.

#### Getting a Performance-Based Maintenance Program Started

Getting started with a PBM Program is easy. Highly qualified EESS engineers visit your facility and perform a comprehensive site audit and needs assessment. While implementing electrical system testing and maintenance, EESS engineers review both the “condition” and the “criticality” of each component with plant personnel.

The condition is determined via traditional preventive maintenance procedures (industry-standard, time-based) combined with predictive diagnostic technologies. The criticality rating of each component is established through application of a reliability-centered maintenance approach, taking into account its potential impact on critical processes, safety and the environment.

Then, EESS recommends a maintenance interval (short-, mid- or long-term) for each component, as well as work scopes and periodic observation frequency.

Cost savings are realized when the long-term maintenance interval is lengthened or by the scope of maintenance work during scheduled outages is reduced. Uptime and reliability improve when preventive maintenance is performed more frequently on components with the short-term designation. Additional reliability improvements can result from redirecting some of the savings to performing additional predictive diagnostics and equipment modernization.

EESS delivers a periodic scorecard to plant personnel, summarizing the recommendations, performance and results of the program.

#### Elements of a Performance-Based Maintenance Program

- Site audit and maintenance needs assessment
- Condition-based maintenance
- Reliability centered maintenance (RCM)
- Predictive diagnostics
- Efficient algorithms to integrate equipment condition results, RCM input, predictive diagnostics and periodic observations
- Recommendations for immediate action, automation, remote monitoring, life extension, spare parts or upgrading
- Periodic observations while energized and operating
- Maintenance implemented based on equipment condition and criticality
- Root-cause failure analysis
- Periodic scorecard and customized reporting of results
- Continuous improvement
- Optional ensured performance improvements and ensured savings—typically, 15% savings over two performance cycles

#### Asset Optimization Services

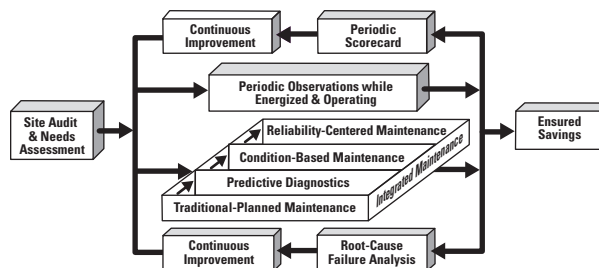
The Electrical Distribution System (EDS) not only represents a significant capital investment, it is essential to maintaining production and critical processes. In order to ensure the maximum possible return on this investment and ensure that power to critical processes is maintained, EESS offers a suite of asset optimization services. This is not just a maintenance program—we combine years of EDS experience, as well as power system engineering and power quality expertise, with the latest in predictive diagnostic and remote monitoring, and knowledge management technology, to deliver a comprehensive program designed to optimize EDS assets. This means lower operating and maintenance costs and improved system reliability and uptime. By outsourcing responsibility for the electrical distribution system assets to EESS, owners can focus on their core business while we deliver maximum return on your investment via increased uptime and decreased operation and maintenance costs. Energy management services and performance contracts are also available by which we will guarantee specific measurable results related to energy savings, system uptime, equipment reliability, and operation and maintenance cost reductions.

With a reputation as the best-in-class power solution strategists, it is obvious why more and more industry leaders are turning to Eaton for uncompromising safe and reliable electrical power distribution systems, in the PowerChain.

By providing the right technology and intellectual resources through outsourcing the ownership, operation and maintenance of the plant electrical distribution system, value can be realized in three areas:

1. Capital funds previously spent on non-core assets are made available to invest in core processes and/or increase shareholder value.
2. Operation and maintenance costs (salary/benefits; risk and insurance related to NFPA and OSHA; training; engineering and purchasing/procurement; test equipment; tools; safety equipment; and parts inventory) are significantly reduced or eliminated completely.
3. Performance guarantees and service level agreements related to uptime, energy, and operating and maintenance costs are realized.

**PBM Program Flowchart**



**Knowledge Management**

Eaton has the expertise for electrical distribution systems with a variety of technologies and expert analytical services through our Instant Response Center<sup>SM</sup>. We aggregate data gathered from your system and use the information to predict equipment failure and identify energy cost reduction opportunities.

Our practices can help you:

- Increase uptime:
  - Avoid outages by predicting equipment failure or system problems
  - Decrease duration of outages (remote troubleshooting 24/7)
- Reduce operating and maintenance costs:
  - Service equipment based on real-time information rather than traditional time-based maintenance
  - Better maintenance with less man-hours
- Reduce energy costs:
  - Optimize utility rate structure
  - Automated demand management
  - Energy usage accountability

**Power Systems Engineering Solutions**

Not only do we have one of the largest teams of power systems engineers strategically located throughout the world, but many of these professionals have influenced industry standards and are sought after because of their expertise. With an emphasis on precision and accuracy, Eaton's highly trained engineers provide the most focused and systematic approach available to enhance your system's performance. Your system can save you money and increase productivity while meeting the growing and changing demands of your business.

Through surveys, studies, predictive maintenance solutions, energy management, monitoring and evaluation Eaton will help you:

- Maintain IEEE recommended power quality levels, including proper operating voltages
- Reduce costly system disturbances
- Minimize harmonic disturbances created by nonlinear loads
- Provide arc flash levels and personal protective equipment to develop customer safety programs
- With virtually all types of software packages

We offer more than 15 standard and specialized power system studies to precisely target and help correct your specific power issues, utilizing a variety of measurement instruments and specialized software packages.

#### PSA Group



### Power Systems Automation Group

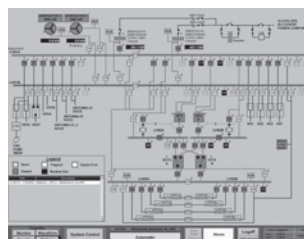
#### General Description

The Power Systems Automation (PSA) group is a full-service systems integrator. Eaton ensures your hardware, software and communication networks perform as a seamless system. PSA provides a unique alternative to conventional manufacturer-integrator-contractor teams by:

- Offering project management and single-point responsibility direct from a major manufacturer of power management and control systems
- Providing unsurpassed expertise in power management and power system control applications across a broad range of industries and end users
- Focusing on applying new products effectively and appropriately, and integrating seamlessly with all major manufacturers' equipment, new or existing

- Bringing a wide range of Eaton resources into a project to address geographic and technical challenges, and managing subcontractors and manufacturers to handle products and services not provided directly by Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems

PSA provides turnkey systems integration projects including system design, programming, panel building, installation, project management, startup, customer training and complete documentation—integrating Eaton's and all major OEM's hardware, software and systems. The following is a summary of services.



**Example of a Fully Automated Generator Paralleling and Emergency Power Transfer Scheme for a Mission-Critical Application**

### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Overview . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-2</b>
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-5</b>
Power Systems Automation Group	
General Capabilities . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-9</b>
Instant Response Center Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-10</b>
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-11</b>

#### Power Systems Automation

- Power monitoring, management and control systems
- Eaton's Power Xpert, Foreseer and PowerNet Systems including Power Xpert Reporting
- Energy cost allocation
- Lighting management systems (Eaton Pow-R-Command™)
- Load management systems
- Load shed and load transfer schemes
- Generator paralleling systems
- Backup and emergency generation systems
- Demand management systems
- Generator and ATS system monitoring control and remote testing
- Utility rate plan optimization
- Health care emergency power supply systems monitoring
- Web-based monitoring services



**General Capabilities**

- Power Xpert
- Foreseer
- System design—functional specification
- System network architecture
- CAD drawings
- PC control and open automation
- DeviceNet™ applications
- Open protocol systems
- PLC design and programming:
  - Eaton
  - Allen-Bradley®
  - Modicon®
  - GE Fanuc®
  - Siemens
- Human machine interface/graphical user interface design and configuration:
  - Eaton PanelMate® and PanelMate PC
  - ICONICS GENESIS® and WebHMI®
  - Wonderware®
  - Intellution
  - PanelView™ and RView™
  - Citect
  - CIMPLICITY
- Full service custom panel shop:
  - UL® listing for industrial control panels
  - Motor starter panels
  - PLC enclosures and operator consoles
  - Design and testing
  - Turnkey capabilities
- Project management—contractors, systems integrators, other OEMs, etc.
  - Installation
  - Startup and commissioning
  - Instruction manuals
  - Customized training
  - Complete documentation
  - Service contracts and maintenance agreements
  - Single-point responsibility

#### Eaton's Instant Response Center



### Instant Response Center Services

#### General Description

Eaton's Instant Response Center<sup>SM</sup> (IRC) is staffed by power systems engineering and power quality experts, monitoring your electrical distribution system in real-time. The IRC continuously monitors power distribution equipment for changes in performance or other conditions that could signal an impending power failure. When changes exceed predetermined thresholds, the IRC issues alerts to service personnel via Internet e-mail or wireless page.

Eaton power systems experts can then remotely and securely access real-time data from the subscriber's system, often correcting a problem before electrical service is impacted, delivering to customers a quantifiable return on investment based on maximum uptime, extended equipment lifetime, and reduced energy costs.

System outages can be prevented or mitigated, equipment life extended, and operating, maintenance and energy costs reduced by monitoring key system wellness parameters such as:

- Current, voltage and energy
- Power quality and harmonic content
- Partial discharge
- Vibration
- Temperature
- Environmental (such as presence of water)
- Power factor (transformer bushings)
- Key events (oscilligraphy)
- Energy monitoring
- Inverter monitoring
- Environmental condition monitoring

#### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Overview . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-2</b>
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-5</b>
Power Systems Automation Group . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-8</b>
Instant Response Center Services	
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units . . .	<b>V3-T10-11</b>

The Instant Response Center is the vanguard of Eaton's Knowledge Management Services. Knowledge management is a broad term that describes the application of a variety of related technologies and expert analytical services that transform data into information, and information into knowledge. Data is collected by remotely monitoring customers' electrical distribution and related systems via the Internet, and trending key parameters related to energy and utilities, power quality, predictive diagnostics, environment and key events. This data is converted to information through expert analysis by power systems engineering, power quality and energy management experts. This information is then transformed into knowledge using data mining techniques and the application of predictive algorithms to extract trends and patterns that will predict equipment failure and identify energy cost reduction opportunities.

Using the latest communications technologies, such as wireless videography, it is also possible to extend this high-end expertise to field technicians or customer personnel to guide them through sophisticated problem diagnosis, troubleshooting or repairs.

#### **Benefits of IRC:**

- Experts are readily available
- Eliminates the cost of bringing experts on site
- Event analysis
- No employee turnover

Oil Field HRG-3



**Contents**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Overview . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-2</b>
Asset Optimization, Knowledge Management and Product Life Extension . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-5</b>
Power Systems Automation Group . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-8</b>
Instant Response Center Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-10</b>
Customized High Resistance Grounding Units	

**Customized High Resistance Grounding Units**

Eaton’s Electrical Services & Systems builds custom medium voltage High Resistance Grounding Units (HRGUs). They eliminate the possibility of excessive transient overvoltages due to arcing ground faults on ungrounded systems. There are three categories:

- General industry—these HRGUs typically are freestanding and come with a pulsing contactor design to aid in finding the ground fault
- Medium voltage generators—new IEEE research has proven high risk for low resistance grounded generators with internal ground faults. These systems require low resistance grounding for the system, but when an internal generator ground fault occurs, massive damage can result. Eaton’s Electrical Services & Systems has developed a hybrid high resistance grounding unit (HHRG) that allows the system to be low resistance grounded for external ground faults but quickly reverts to high resistance grounded only for internal ground faults
- Oil field wells—electrical submersible pumps used in oil well applications traditionally have been designed to operate ungrounded with the expected history of insulation type failures due to arcing ground faults on ungrounded systems. These HRGU versions are custom designed to match the unique voltages, size and locations (land or platforms) for the oil field industry and supply the proven service continuity and safety high resistance grounding provides

#### Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies



#### Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies

##### General Description

Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems (EESS) can perform short-circuit and coordination studies per the following standards, and others.

- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE):
  - IEEE 141, Recommended Practice for Electric Power Distribution for Industrial Plants
  - IEEE 242, Recommended Practice for Protection and Coordination of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems
  - IEEE 399, Recommended Practice for Industrial and Commercial Power System Analysis
  - IEEE 241, Recommended Practice for Electric Power Systems in Commercial Buildings
  - IEEE 1015, Recommended Practice for Applying Low Voltage Circuit Breakers Used in Industrial and Commercial Power Systems

- IEEE 1584, Methods for calculating flash protection boundary distance and incident energy values. Determine hazard risk category. Select protective clothing and PPE (Personal Protective Equipment)
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
  - ANSI C57.12.00: Standard General Requirements for Liquid-Immersed Distribution, Power, and Regulating Transformers
  - ANSI C37.13: Standard for Low Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
  - ANSI C37.010: Standard Application Guide for AC High Voltage Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current Basis
  - ANSI C37.41: Standard Design Tests for High Voltage Fuses, Distribution Enclosed Single-Pole Air Switches, Fuse Disconnecting Switches and Accessories

#### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies	
Arc Flash Analysis Details . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-14</b>
Protective Device Coordination Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-13</b>
Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-15</b>
Harmonic Analysis Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-17</b>
Advanced Analysis and Design Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-19</b>

- The National Fire Protection Association 70E, National Electrical Code®, latest edition. Use methods to calculate flash protection boundary distance and incident energy values

Following the completion of all studies, acceptance testing and startup by EESS, a 2-year warranty will be provided on all components manufactured by Eaton.

##### Eaton Quality Assurance

The short-circuit and coordination studies will be conducted under the supervision and approval of a registered professional electrical engineer skilled in performing and interpreting the power system studies. The registered professional electrical engineer will be a full-time employee of EESS.

The field engineering service division can administer the power system studies, including acceptance and startup testing. Equipment and component titles used in the studies shall be identical to the equipment and component titles shown on the customer's one-line drawings. The power system studies will be performed with the aid of a digital computer program and will be in accordance with the latest applicable IEEE and ANSI standards.

##### Sequencing and Scheduling

The short-circuit and protective device coordination studies will be submitted to the design engineer prior to receiving final approval of the distribution equipment shop drawings and/or prior to release of equipment drawings for manufacturing. If formal completion of the studies may cause delay in equipment manufacturing, approval from the engineer may be requested for preliminary submittal of sufficient study data to ensure that the selection of device ratings and characteristics will be satisfactory.

**Data Collection**

The owner's contractor, under the direction of the equipment manufacturer, shall furnish all data as required by the power system studies. The engineer performing the short-circuit and coordination studies will furnish the equipment manufacturer and contractor with a listing of required data after award of the contract. The contractor should expedite collection of the data to ensure completion of the studies as required for final approval of the distribution equipment shop drawings and/or prior to the release of the equipment for manufacturing. Provisions shall be included by the contractor to obtain the services of the equipment manufacturer to support the proper data collection.

Fault contribution of existing motors is included in the study, with motors <100 horsepower typically grouped together. The contractor shall obtain required existing equipment data, if necessary, to satisfy the study requirements.

**Short-Circuit and Protective Device Evaluation Study Details**

Typical conductor impedances based on IEEE Std. 141-1993 are utilized.

Transformer design impedances are used when test impedances are not available.

The following is included as part of the study:

- Calculation methods and assumptions
- Selected base per unit quantities
- One-line diagram of the system being evaluated
- Source impedance data, including electric utility system and motor fault contribution characteristics
- Tabulations of calculated quantities
- Results, conclusions and recommendations

A calculation of short-circuit momentary and interrupting duties for a three-phase bolted fault is made for the following locations:

- Electric utility's supply termination point
- Incoming switchgear
- Unit substation primary and secondary terminals
- Low voltage switchgear
- Motor control centers
- Standby generators and automatic transfer switches
- Branch circuit panelboards
- Other significant locations throughout the system

For grounded systems, a bolted line-to-ground fault current study for areas as defined for the three-phase bolted fault short-circuit study will be provided.

**Protective Device Evaluation**

The protective device evaluation portion of the study will:

- Evaluate equipment and protective devices short-circuit ratings and compare to calculated available fault current
- Determine the adequacy of switchgear, motor control centers, and panelboard bus bars to withstand short-circuit stresses
- Determine the adequacy of transformer windings to withstand short-circuit stresses
- Determine the adequacy of cable and busway sizes to withstand short-circuit heating
- Notify owner in writing, of existing circuit protective devices improperly rated for the calculated available fault current

**Protective Device Coordination Study**

- Proposed protective device coordination time-current curves will be displayed on log-log
- Included on each curve sheet will be a complete title and one-line diagram with legend identifying the specific portion of the system covered
- The device characteristic curves will be terminated at a point reflecting maximum symmetrical or asymmetrical fault current to which device is exposed
- Identification of the device associated with each curve by manufacturer type and function, and generated using a commercially available software program

The following characteristics will be plotted on the curves, where applicable:

- Electric utility's protective device
- Medium voltage equipment relays
- Medium and low voltage fuses, including manufacturer's minimum melt, total clearing, tolerance and damage bands
- Low voltage equipment circuit breaker trip devices, including manufacturer's tolerance bands
- Transformer full-load current, magnetizing inrush current and ANSI transformer withstand parameters
- Conductor damage curves
- Ground fault protective devices, as applicable
- Pertinent motor starting characteristics and motor damage points
- Pertinent generator short-circuit decrement curve and generator damage point
- Other system load protective devices for the largest branch circuit and the largest feeder circuit breaker in each motor control center

Where possible, adequate time margins will be provided between device characteristics such that selective operation is provided, *while providing proper protection.*

## Arc Flash Analysis Details

### Background

NFPA 70E Standard, Article 110.7 (F), states that an electrical safety program shall identify a hazard/risk evaluation procedure to be used before work is started on or near live parts. Article 130.7 (A) states that employees working in areas where electrical hazards are present shall be provided with, and shall use, protective equipment that is designed and constructed for the specific part of the body to be protected and for the work to be performed.

### Procedure

In accordance with NFPA 70E and IEEE 1584, commercially available software packages provide the calculation of incident energy and flash protection boundary. The equations used in these calculations are based on actual test values. These tests measured the calories per square centimeter ( $\text{cal}/\text{cm}^2$ ) radiating from a simulated arcing fault. The measurements were performed at a theorized working distance of 18.00 inches (457.2 mm).

The intent of the NFPA 70E and IEEE 1584 guidelines is to establish standard calculations to determine an Approach Boundary and an associated PPE Hazard Level that will limit the injury to the onset of a second-degree burn to the face and the torso of the worker. An incident energy of  $1.2 \text{ cal}/\text{cm}^2$  represents the onset of a second-degree burn. The various PPE Hazard Levels are described in the NFPA 70E standard on a scale of 0 to 4. An incident energy greater than  $40 \text{ cal}/\text{cm}^2$  will be described in this study as "Dangerous" and no Hazard Level can be applied. Thus, no PPE is approved to protect

the worker from a potential arc flash hazard and the equipment enclosure should not be opened unless the equipment is de-energized, tagged-out and locked-out.

The arc flash analysis considers each medium and low voltage system location within the scope of the work. IEEE Std. 1584™-2002 states that equipment below 240V need not be considered unless it involves at least one 125 kVA or larger low-impedance transformer in its immediate power supply. Therefore, no detailed calculations will be performed for 120/208V locations supplied by a transformer smaller than 125 kVA, however, labels will be provided for these locations and will be labeled as hazard risk category zero. For the detailed calculations, the software determines the available fault currents for each location and the clearing time of the device protecting the same location. From these determinations, the potential incident energy is calculated for each location. Arc flash computations shall include both line and load side of main breaker calculations, where necessary.

### Tabulations

The following tabulations will be provided as part of the study:

### Input Data

- Short-circuit reactance of rotating machines
- Cable and conduit materials
- Bus ducts
- Transformers
- Reactors
- Aerial lines
- Circuit resistance and reactance values

### Short-Circuit Data

- Source fault impedance and generator contributions
- X to R ratios
- Asymmetry factors
- Motor contributions
- Short-circuit kVA
- Symmetrical and asymmetrical fault currents

### Recommended Protective Device Settings

- Phase and ground relays:
  - Current transformer ratio
  - Current setting
  - Time setting
  - Instantaneous setting
  - Specialty non-overcurrent device settings
  - Recommendations on improved relaying systems, if applicable
- Circuit breakers:
  - Adjustable pickups and time delays (long time, short time, ground)
  - Adjustable time-current characteristic
  - Adjustable instantaneous pickup

### Arc Flash Results

- Arcing fault magnitude
- Device clearing time
- Duration of arc
- Arc flash boundary
- Working distance
- Incident energy
- Recommendations for new equipment and/or system changes to reduce the calculated arc flash energy level below  $40 \text{ cal}/\text{cm}^2$  where possible

### Submittals

The results of the short-circuit, coordination and arc flash study will be summarized in a final report.

The report will include the following sections:

- One-line diagram
- Descriptions, purpose, basis and scope of the study

- Tabulations of circuit breaker, fuse and other protective device ratings versus calculated short-circuit duties
- Protective device time versus current coordination curves, tabulations of relay and circuit breaker trip unit settings, fuse selection
- Fault current calculations including a definition of terms and guide for interpretation of the computer printout
- Arc flash analysis calculations including a definition of terms and guide for interpretation of calculated values
- Recommendations for system improvements, where needed
- Executive summary

In addition to the report, EESS can provide field services (at additional cost) to:

- Adjust relay and protective device settings according to the recommended settings table provided by the coordination study. Field adjustments to be completed by the engineering service division of the equipment manufacturer under the startup and acceptance testing contract portion
- Make minor modifications to equipment as required to accomplish conformance with the short-circuit and protective device coordination studies
- Notify owner in writing of any required major equipment modifications
- Provide arc flash solution engineering and recommendations to lower the incident energy at specific locations where the hazard is unacceptable

**Contents**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies.	<b>V3-T10-12</b>
Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study	
Harmonic Analysis Study. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-17</b>
Advanced Analysis and Design Services. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-19</b>

**Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study**

**General Description**

**Background**

The primary function of the electrical power distribution system is to provide real and reactive powers demanded by the various loads connected to the system. Simultaneously, the frequency and various bus voltages must be kept within specified tolerances, even though the load demands may undergo large and unpredictable changes.

The Load Flow Study is an analysis of the system capability to supply the connected load under steady-state conditions. Optimal management of the power system can be achieved through the use of this analytical tool. Necessary in the planning or expansion of electrical power systems, a load flow study demonstrates the distribution of power and voltage levels throughout the system for selected operating scenarios. These scenarios may include normal and emergency operating modes, present and future circuit arrangements, and alternative designs and equipment components.

Study results include real (kW) and reactive (kVAR) power flow through transformers and cables, voltage levels at system buses, power factor and system losses. These values allow the power system engineer to identify overloaded transformers and cables, provide recommendations for proper transformer tap settings, and determine the need for power factor correction capacitors.

The Load Flow Study is a prerequisite to developing optimum generating strategies and systems controls.

**Study Procedure**

Investigate the system loading conditions for the normal and contingent operating conditions. All system loads (kW and kVAR components) and power sources are included in the analysis.

The study is processed using state-of-the-art software, which utilizes an iterative technique to calculate real and reactive power flows, and bus voltage levels throughout the system.

The data base for the load flow analysis is established from existing design or nameplate load data or by monitoring the existing feeders with a digital power monitor. Each feeder is monitored for a minimum of two hours, during typical operating periods. The following system data is utilized as input to the load flow program:

- Current and voltage
- kW, kVAR and kVA
- Power factor

The study for the electrical system is based on both present and future loading considerations and switching configurations. A maximum of three load flow study cases are performed to analyze power flow, voltage regulation, power factor, transformer tap settings and other load considerations.

An evaluation of the existing utility billing contract will determine whether power factor correction should be incorporated in the power system. If power factor correction is needed, the appropriate hardware is recommended and located to maintain desired power factor at the metering point. The study also indicates any switching of power factor correction equipment that may be necessary to maintain proper voltage levels.

If the study results indicate that power factor correction equipment is necessary, the approximate payback period will be calculated for equipment purchase and installation.

**Results**

The Load Flow Study includes the following for each circuit condition analyzed:

- Bus voltages, line currents, power factor and transformer loading in actual quantities and in percent of the device base values
- Recommended transformer tap settings
- Recommended generator dispatch schedules
- Complete set of capacitor recommendations, including calculated payback period based upon energy savings, if additional shunt compensation is required for power factor improvement or voltage support
- Recommended equipment upgrades or circuit reconfigurations to optimize the power flow from the source to the loads

**Data Requirements**

In addition to the data required for the short-circuit study, the following data is required to complete the load flow study:

- Design, nameplate or measured load data
- Ratings and connections of all power factor correction capacitors
- Reactor impedance and ratings
- Power flow measurements (when available) at utilization transformers



Harmonic Analysis Study



Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies.	<b>V3-T10-12</b>
Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-15</b>
Harmonic Analysis Study	
Advanced Analysis and Design Services. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-19</b>

**Harmonic Analysis Study**

**General Description**

**Background**

The operation of nonlinear loads and in particular variable frequency drives (VFDs) in a power distribution system creates harmonic currents that flow throughout the power system. When considering VFDs, the frequencies and magnitudes of the harmonic currents are functions of the number of drive rectifier pulses, as well as the AC system impedances. Harmonic voltages result from the harmonic current flowing back into the harmonic impedances of the distribution system. The order of the harmonic currents generated is  $np \pm 1$ , where n is any integer and p is the number of drive pulses. Therefore, for 6-pulse drive, the order of harmonics is 5th, 7th, 11th, 13th, 17th, 19th, etc. For 12-pulse drive, the order of harmonics is 11th, 13th, 23rd, 25th, 35th, 37th, etc.

Harmonic studies can provide calculation of the current and voltage harmonics throughout the electrical distribution system when the generated harmonic current magnitudes and the system 60 Hz impedances are known.

Significant harmonic current and voltage magnitudes can have adverse effects on system components and overall system operation. Harmonic currents cause increased power losses in transformers, motors and cables. The higher power losses increase equipment-operating temperatures, increasing the possibility of overload, increasing thermal stress on insulation, and reducing overall system efficiency.

Power factor correction capacitor banks are particularly vulnerable to the detrimental effects of power system harmonics. Most capacitors are designed to operate at a maximum of 110% of rated voltage and 135% of rated kVAR. Large magnitudes of voltage and current harmonics can exceed these design limits, and cause severe capacitor bank damage. Since capacitive reactance is inversely proportional to frequency, capacitor banks act as sinks for current harmonics in the system. This often causes capacitor fuses to open or capacitor damage when fuses are not present or improperly sized.

A serious condition, with potential for substantial damage, occurs as a result of harmonic parallel resonance. As frequency increases, capacitive reactance decreases and inductive reactance increases. Harmonic resonance occurs at the frequency when the inductive reactance of the source-side circuit equals the capacitive reactance of the power factor correction capacitor. Looking back into the circuit from the harmonic source, the capacitor is in parallel with the substation transformer. The circuit total impedance (including the capacitor) is very high at the resonance frequency. If the VFDs generate harmonic current at the resonance frequency, large harmonic voltages will be developed at the capacitor and transformer bus, and serious equipment damage can occur.

IEEE Std. 519-1992 establishes recommended limits for harmonic voltages and currents in power systems.

**Study Procedure**

Harmonic analysis of the electrical distribution system for the circuit conditions listed below.

- Existing system configuration
- System with new VFDs or other nonlinear harmonic creating loads in operation

The power system is modeled for the fundamental frequency and appropriate harmonic frequencies.

System impedances are calculated for the fundamental frequency as well as for each appropriate harmonic frequency.

The following is calculated for each study:

- System harmonic voltages in rms and % THD
- System harmonic currents in rms and % THD
- An IEEE 519 analysis at the point of common coupling with incoming utility
- Capacitor bank evaluations on the basis of voltage, current and kVA
- The payback period of the total cost (filter equipment, installation and/or relocation) for the three most feasible filter options

In addition, the drive's harmonic generation based upon the drive's loading and characteristics is calculated. If specified, field measurement of the VFD current harmonic generation during the process operation can be made. Each harmonic component is then successively injected into the simulated system, and the resulting harmonic currents and voltages are computed throughout the system.

If the calculated magnitudes of harmonic voltages and/or currents are excessive, the optimal corrective solution will be determined to reduce the harmonic quantities to within acceptable limits.

When a harmonic filter is recommended, a complete equipment specification will be provided. A final study case is conducted to verify that the harmonic filtering equipment will reduce harmonic levels to within acceptable standards.

**Results**

At the conclusion of the Harmonic Analysis, the following will be submitted for each circuit condition analyzed:

- Description, purpose, basis and scope of the harmonic study and a single-line diagram of the portion of the power system that is included within the scope of the study
- Tables listing the individual harmonic voltages and currents and total harmonic distortions (THDs) for all major buses within the electrical distribution system. Waveforms for all of the calculated harmonic voltages and currents will be displayed
- Plots of frequency versus impedance (harmonic resonance scans) for all shunt capacitor locations
- Complete recommendations for harmonic filters, shunt capacitors and series reactors, required for harmonic suppression
- All computer output and an interpretation guide

**Data Requirements**

In addition to the data required for a load flow analysis, the following data is also required:

- Complete text report of each measurement location sorted by voltage and current, and listing the individual harmonic component and the total harmonic distortion (THD)
- Waveforms of each measurement sample
- Detailed harmonic spectrums of the harmonic generating loads

**Contents**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Arc Flash, Short-Circuit and Coordination Studies . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-12</b>
Load Flow/Power Factor Correction Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-15</b>
Harmonic Analysis Study . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-17</b>
Advanced Analysis and Design Services	
Transient Stability . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-19</b>
Switching Transient Analysis . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-20</b>
Transient Motor Starting Analysis. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-21</b>
Ground Grid Analysis . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-21</b>
Electrical Design Services . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-22</b>

**Advanced Analysis and Design Services**

**Transient Stability**

**Background**

Power system stability is a condition where the various synchronous machines of a system remain in synchronism, or in step, with one another. Instability is the condition when one or more of the machines fall out of step.

With a sudden increment in load, there is a definite upper limit to the load that a machine will carry without pulling out of step. This is defined as the transient stability limit of the system for the given condition.

The transient stability limit may have different values for the same system, depending upon the nature and magnitude of the disturbance. Disturbance types include a sudden increase in load, by the disconnection of a parallel line or disconnection of the utility source. The most severe disturbance subjected to the electrical distribution system is a short circuit.

All transient stability studies should include computer simulations that determine the effects of short circuits upon the system transient stability.

**Study Procedure**

The Transient Stability Study provides an analysis of the transient response of the system and rotating machines following system disturbances, and the behavior of the system in relation to the power company tie.

Data from the study can be used to determine the effect of generator and/or motor performance, system voltage and frequency, all as a function of time. Generator and motor performance are affected by:

- Abrupt changes in load and including the starting and accelerating effect of large motors
- Short Circuits, from which effect the critical operating time for protective relays can be determined
- Partial loss of generation or loss of power company tie, and the corrective effect of a load shedding scheme

Study engineers will analyze system disturbance scenarios using state-of-the-art software. Protective device fault clearing times will be included in the computer simulations and the generator, motor, and tie-line protection and coordination will be evaluated from a system stability perspective.

Load-shedding schemes will be evaluated or developed, based upon the operating requirements of the customer facility.

**Results**

At the conclusion of the Transient Stability Analysis, Eaton will submit the following:

- Machine variables, including turbine input and generator output power, accelerating power, frequency deviation, rotor angle, field voltage and current, terminal voltage magnitude and angle, and generator current

and angle. These are summarized for each machine in time increments over the nominal transient time interval of one or two seconds. For the load shedding study analysis, the time interval would be extended to five seconds or longer

- Plotted swing curves of power angle over the transient time period for each machine
- The magnitude and angle of voltage and frequency deviation for any bus in the system
- Summary of line currents, power flows and apparent impedance on any line
- If required, details of the load shedding scheme, including the sequence of load separation, critical clearing time and type of relay

## Switching Transient Analysis

### Background

A transient is initiated whenever there is a sudden change of circuit conditions. This most often occurs when a switching operation occurs, such as capacitor switching, transformer energizing and fault current interruption. Some of the most severe and damaging transients are produced by lightning strikes. Voltage transients will result when loads on an electrical distribution system are switched. Industrial and commercial power systems comprise capacitive and inductive components. The transient disturbance occurs because the currents and voltages do not reach their final value instantaneously.

The severity of a voltage transient is a function of the relative power level of the load being switched, and the available fault current magnitude in the supply circuit where the switching takes place. Some circuit components such as motors and transformers are adversely affected by the speed (frequency) of the voltage transient as well as its magnitude. Voltage transient magnitudes should not exceed twice the system voltage when they occur from normal switching operations. Properly rated equipment BIL provides adequate transient or surge protection for these instances.

Complex voltage transients result from abnormal switching operations and current chopping, prestrikes and restrikes cause these disturbances. Voltage magnitudes may approach ten times the system voltage and must be controlled by surge arresters, surge capacitors and/or resistors. These surges can damage the most rugged system components.

### Study Procedure

Eaton engineers will discuss with customer personnel all aspects of the disturbance that is being investigated. The circuit configuration and system loading prior to the disturbance and any subsequent equipment damage incurred will be examined.

Engineers will develop a computer model of the electrical circuit with EMTP, Electromagnetic Transients Program. All circuit components, including surge capacitors, equipment capacitance, bushing capacitance, CT and PT capacitance, and transformer saturation characteristics will be modeled in detail.

The suspect switching operations, including all reasonable perturbations such as current chopping, circuit breaker restrike and prestrike, will be simulated with the computer. Voltage and current transient magnitudes will be calculated, and the waveforms will be displayed for all of the transients caused by the switching operation.

If excessive transient voltages or currents are observed, the study engineer will propose corrective measures, which may include surge protection, damping resistors or modified switching procedures. These measures will be analyzed with additional simulations to ensure that excessive switching transients are avoided or reduced to acceptable levels.

Finally, an insulation coordination study, which compares surge arrester ratings with equipment BIL, will be completed to confirm the recommended surge protection system for the circuit being investigated.

### Results

At the conclusion of the Switching Transient Analysis, Eaton will submit the following:

- Detailed description of the sequence of events that preceded the switching transient that disrupted the electrical system operation and caused equipment damage
- Magnitudes and waveforms of transient voltages and currents calculated by the computer simulations
- Recommendations for surge protection, such as surge arresters, surge capacitors, RC suppression, damping resistors or TVSSs, for all affected equipment
- Results of the insulation coordination study to evaluate the degree of protection afforded by the recommended surge protection system
- Appendix, including one-line diagrams, computer program output sheets and all other pertinent supporting documentation

## Transient Motor Starting Analysis

### Background

A motor starting study is conducted to evaluate the motor's impact on the power system and the power system's impact on the motor. Motor starting studies are usually performed for new motor installations to ensure system reliability, provide data for motor protection, and to identify any system modifications that may be necessary to avoid starting problems.

Starting a large motor on a distribution grid with limited capacity may cause severe voltage reduction and not produce enough motor torque to accelerate the motor. One of the most noticeable effects is light flicker during motor starting. Voltage dips may cause problems with voltage sensitive electronic equipment such as computers and microprocessors.

The study will recommend solutions to any problem discovered. One possible solution may be to install a reduced voltage starter to decrease the motor inrush current and minimize the voltage drop. A system balance must be maintained to minimize impact on the system and allow sufficient motor torque to perform its function.

Eaton will investigate various methods for minimizing system disturbances when starting of motors. These methods include:

- Reduced voltage starting methods such as: auto-transformer, reactor, wye-delta, primary resistor, part winding and solid state
- System modifications, including paralleling circuits, addition of shunt capacitors, adjusting transformer taps and relocating loads

### Study Procedure

A Motor Starting Study will determine the system effects of starting and accelerating the motor and associated load from time zero to full speed. The study will calculate the terminal voltages of the motor and other buses when the motor and load is started.

Eaton will develop the circuit model on the digital computer. The procedure requires a Load Flow analysis to be completed initially to determine system conditions prior to motor starting.

Computer simulations of various motor starting methods, motor starting sequences and circuit configurations will follow. From these results, Eaton will recommend the best means of starting motors at that circuit location.

### Results

At the conclusion of the Motor Starting Study, Eaton will submit the following for each method analyzed:

- Tables listing voltages at the motor terminals and at other significant locations within the electrical distribution system
- Plots of motor speed, motor current, motor torque, load torque, accelerating torque, accelerating time, power factor, and voltages at the motor terminals and other significant locations in the system
- Recommendations of various options to correct any problems found in starting and accelerating the motor and load

## Ground Grid Analysis

### Background

A Ground Grid Analysis ensures that the ground grid design provides adequate safety for personnel during ground fault conditions. When fault current flows through the earth from the ground grid of the plant substation, the potential of the plant substation ground is elevated. Voltage potentials along the ground surface may be severe enough to endanger a person walking on the surface, and dangerous potential differences may exist between grounded apparatus, structures, fences and nearby earth.

### Study Procedure

Eaton engineers will evaluate your switchyard or substation ground grid to ensure that the performance of the grid adheres to IEEE Standard 80, "Guide for Safety in AC Substation Grounding." This will involve utilizing a computer software program that models the ground grid under fault conditions. All voltages at the surface are calculated, allowing evaluation of Step and Touch potentials, to ensure the safety of plant personnel. The Ground Potential Rise is also calculated to evaluate the potential of damage to interconnected equipment. The following services are available and are an integral part of doing a complete evaluation:

- Inspection and evaluation of existing grid conductors and connectors and continuity
- Soil resistive measurements and interpretation
- Measurement of ground grid impedance
- Safety assessments—step and touch voltage criteria

- Substation ground grid layout design, ground grid equipment specifications, bills-of-materials, requirements to meet IEEE Std. 80
- Recommendations for improving existing grids

### Results

At the conclusion of the Ground Grid Analysis, Eaton will submit the following:

- Executive summary, including findings and recommendations
- Study procedures
- Calculation results, including GPR and Step and Touch Potentials
- Data summary, including computer report output
- Appendix, including one-line diagrams, computer program output sheets, and all other pertinent supporting documentation

**Electrical Design Services**

Eaton's electrical design services can extend from the point of utility connect to the equipment. Design services are integrated with analysis services, resulting in a complete engineered solution. The level of design detail can be customized from minimal design consultation and advice to a complete design package with specifications and drawings.

Typical design services include:

- **Distribution System Design**—Design and specification of the electrical distribution system from the point of utility interconnection to the downstream utilization equipment
- **Substation Design**—Complete substation design service is available, including ground grid analysis and design, substation layout, equipment specification, protection and control
- **Protection and Control**—Design of advanced electrical protection and control, including transmission line protection, system automation and advanced metering
- **Renewable energy design**, including the AC and DC distribution systems, collector substation and utility interconnection design

Typical construction drawings and documentation for design projects include:

- Demolition plans for the existing equipment and building (if applicable)
- New proposed switchgear arrangement plans and elevation views
- Specifications for all new AC and DC distribution equipment
- All necessary engineering calculations (load flow, short-circuit, etc.)
- Single line diagrams for the AC and DC distribution and auxiliary equipment
- Arrangement plans and details for new structures, bus systems, auxiliary and DC equipment
- Conduit raceway drawings and schedules
- Control panel and terminal board panel design drawings
- Lighting and grounding modifications for the new installation
- Building modification for garage doors, air ventilation, etc.

Field Engineering Services



Contents

Description

Field Engineering Services

Selection Guide

The following tables present the relationship between Eaton’s Electrical Sector capabilities and the user’s needs:

Consulting and Turnkey Project Management

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
New substation design, management and construction	Support consultant or end-user by offering one-stop shopping and an exclusive 2-year warranty on all Eaton products supplied.	—	Design and construction costs are reduced by a single-source contract. In addition, end-user internal engineering resources can be applied to core-business process improvements, rather than the electrical distribution system.
Electrical, mechanical and instrumentation services	Through networking the experiences of our many service locations, we can add mechanical and instrumentation services to our construction capabilities.	—	
Power system studies Short circuit Device evaluation Coordination Load flow Power factor Harmonics Power quality Grounding Reliability Switching transient Others	New construction requires the proper set of power system studies. We can review your current and future power needs: reliability, loading profiles, emergency power requirements, etc., and determine the necessary studies.	A short-circuit study is required for protection of personnel and equipment. In addition, coordination studies reduce downtime by limiting the power loss to only the faulted feeder. Power quality studies are necessary due to the many new nonlinear loads and their potential effect on critical equipment.	Extending the life of an electrical distribution system should include an updated single-line diagram and the proper complement of Power System Studies to address your current and future needs.
Failure/root-cause analysis	—	Electrical outages can result in extensive downtime and loss production. Critical systems should be investigated to determine the cause of such outages, and corrective actions planned and implemented.	An investigation of critical outages can result in long-range cost reductions by preventing the repeat of such occurrences, and allowing system improvements while funding is available.
Equipment relocation	Changing production needs can be satisfied by the relocation of power distribution components, either by use of internal or sister-plant equipment.	—	Costs can be reduced for new production projects by the allocation of existing equipment, thereby eliminating the need for new purchases.

#### System Integration

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
Plant monitoring, protection and control Digitrip PowerNet Advantage starters DeviceNet PLC interface	Plant-wide electrical power distribution system monitoring and control can be cost-effectively implemented during new construction. New Eaton electrical products allow for communications through all levels of the power distribution network. Eaton's PowerNet system allows for plant-wide monitoring and control from a single workstation or from any number of workstations connected to a plant LAN, company, intranet or Internet.	Real-time monitoring, and remote control of circuit breakers can greatly improve reliability by providing immediate indication of a problem, allowing for a quick resolution; and if necessary, remote control of power distribution equipment.	Plant electrical distribution systems are being subjected to higher loads, and greater harmonics. Plant-wide monitoring can help identify these areas of rapid deterioration, and implement corrective actions to extend the life of the electrical system. Taking such action will also prevent costly outages and the resultant downtime. In addition, with the advent of utility deregulation, having accurate power usage values will allow for improved negotiating on power purchases.
PLC/PC control and open automation systems	New process and discrete control systems currently employ PLCs for control and monitoring. Eaton PC control and open automation products can be applied for many of these systems with full integration into plant-wide control and information management systems. Integration to other OEM's equipment is also available.	The real-time, self-diagnostic information available with a PC control/open automation system significantly reduces system downtime by allowing the operator to proactively respond to system problems before a shutdown occurs.	PC control/open automation systems provide the greatest level of flexibility when implementing a control system. The open automation concept allows the user to select the "best in class" components without being tied to a single OEM. PC control systems can provide a wealth of information that can be easily integrated into manufacturing and enterprise systems allowing the user to optimize process efficiency.
Drive systems motor control	Eaton drive systems, as well as modernized motor control, provide critical hardware for new efficient process system construction.	Modern drive systems and motor control will greatly improve system reliability by the application of new technology, and allowing for plant-wide communications and control.	The electrical portion of the process-line can have extended life, and develop a lower cost of production. This can be combined with the life extension of the mechanical components.
Energy management load shedding	Eaton maintains application expertise and a full line of products to support energy management systems. Our energy management experts can design and implement an energy management program including financial analysis and justification.	—	With the advent of utility deregulation, in-house power generation and load shedding capabilities can aid your negotiations for reduced electric rates. In-house generation voltage regulation and excitation systems can also add to system life.
Generator/emergency power systems	New power reliability needs may require modern emergency power systems.	Reliability can be improved for critical processes with improved standby power systems.	

10

#### Training

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
New product training Electrical power equipment Drive systems PLC systems	Training is offered on all new products supplied by Eaton's Electrical Sector. The construction phase is a beneficial time to incorporate training, from equipment and a funding standpoint.	—	—
Distribution systems analysis training	—	Plant engineers require an understanding of the dynamics of electrical power distribution systems. This training addresses topics to improve existing electrical systems, as well as plan for future expansions.	Life extension of the power distribution system requires a proper analysis by the plant electrical engineer. Appropriate investigations can be completed and recommendations planned for implementation.
Power quality and grounding training	—	Power quality and grounding issues are affecting new sensitive process equipment. This training can provide short- and long-term solutions, as well as recommending methods to accurately measure power quality.	—
Electrical equipment maintenance training	—	Completing proper and timely maintenance on electrical equipment will improve reliability and reduce downtime. This training shall identify simple, yet effective, maintenance tasks, which can be completed by plant personnel.	Proper equipment maintenance will result in system life extension, indirectly by reducing failures. In addition, training in-house personnel to complete several maintenance duties can reduce costs.
Customized training Scheduled On-site	In conjunction with new construction, training can also be integrated to include existing electrical components, regardless of manufacturer. This allows for effective one-time training, on-site if desired, and incorporated into the construction project. A site review would be conducted to identify the training needs, and associated equipment.	A plant-wide custom training program can address specific reliability needs, as well as goals for reduced downtime.	Cost reductions can be achieved by providing maintenance training to operation personnel, thereby possibly combining operating and maintenance duties. This training will also provide operators with a better understanding of the needs of electrical equipment, thereby resulting in life extension through reduced fatigue.



### Startup and Commissioning

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
Installation support and supervision	Electrical construction of sophisticated power distribution equipment requires support and/or supervision by factory trained personnel.	Proper installation techniques have been proven to reduce short-term operation problems and the resultant downtime.	Proper installation will result in an extended life, through the proper application of stress and tensions on various electrical components.
Acceptance testing Electrical power equipment: Switchgear Outdoor units Circuit breakers PowerNet, etc. Starters Motor control Transformers Tap changers Network protection Drive systems PLC systems Nuclear safety related 1E	Startup testing should be completed by an independent division of a major electrical equipment manufacturer. Eaton provides an exclusive 2-year warranty on all Cutler-Hammer brand products supplied, when EESS completes engineering studies, startup and acceptance testing.	Proper acceptance testing provides baseline data for future maintenance. This allows the development of predictive maintenance programs, thereby anticipating outages, and identifying correction actions. EESS offers comprehensive ongoing predictive and preventive maintenance programs.	Proper acceptance testing will identify any areas requiring corrective action, thereby resulting in a system with the longest life expectancy.
Startup, training and warranty support	Trained individuals should complete equipment startup. Voltage levels, phasing and proper grounding requires attention to ensure a safe startup. Specific equipment testing and adjustments are also necessary to ensure all electrical safety interlocks are operational and ready for long-term service. Training can be provided immediately following, or during the startup process. Warranty issues can be quickly identified and corrected by factory trained personnel.	Long-term reliability is ensured by the proper startup, training and warranty support, all of which are provided by EESS.	Allowing the training cycle to commence immediately following, or during, the startup of the equipment can reduce training costs. Travel and setup costs are minimized, and plant personnel witness the operation of all associated electrical equipment, as part of the training session.
Exclusive 2-year warranty	Eaton has identified that warranty-related costs may be associated with improper startup and acceptance testing by groups that are not factory trained. This results in construction delays, as well as possible long-term reliability issues. Eaton offers an exclusive 2-year warranty on Cutler-Hammer brand products, when all engineering studies, startup and acceptance testing is completed by EESS.		Startup costs are reduced by allowing EESS to complete all functions since the required OEM presence for equipment installation support can be incorporated into the acceptance testing.

10

### Predictive and Preventive Maintenance

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
PM program design and implementation Electrical power equipment: Switchgear Outdoor units Circuit breakers PowerNet, etc. Starters Motor control Transformers Tap changers Network protection Medium voltage generators Medium voltage motors Drive systems PLC systems Nuclear safety related 1E equipment	Following construction, EESS can develop a long-term predictive/preventive maintenance program. This allows for recording of the necessary baseline data required for effective predictive maintenance programs.  Partial discharge sensors installed in new medium voltage switchgear provide years of predictive diagnostics.	Predictive maintenance involves identifying measurable parameters, which when trended, provide an indication of the reliability and the life expectancy of the subject equipment.  Preventive maintenance includes specific maintenance tasks that extend the useful life of the subject equipment.  A comprehensive program can be developed, whereby plant personnel complete portions, supplemented by EESS personnel. Plant personnel would perform observations, minor maintenance and data recording. Tasks would be developed to complement plant personnel's existing daily duties.  Periodic reports would be issued addressing all trends. Immediate corrective actions would be identified, as well as long-term predictive maintenance requirements.  Reliability is improved and downtime reduced by the proper and regular implementation of predictive and preventive maintenance programs.	A properly designed program will take advantage of in-house personnel, thereby providing a cost-effective plan. Program implementation and required corrective actions will result in the longest life expectancy possible.  EESS can provide a complete short- and long-range PM program to satisfy your life extension and cost reduction needs.  Partial discharge detection identifies insulation deterioration prior to permanent damage and ultimate failure. Efficient outage correction actions can be implemented.

#### Electrical System Modernization

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
Switchgear bus MVA upgrading	Existing switchgear and bus duct can be retrofitted with partial discharge sensors, therefore allowing for online predictive diagnostics.	With possibly greater utility fault currents, new in-house cogeneration and additional motor loads available, existing bus MVA ratings may be exceeded. Engineering inspection, testing and analysis are employed by experienced engineers to determine corrective measures to improve bus MVA ratings. Life extension is achieved for the entire switchgear lineup when combined with breaker MVA upgrading by vacuum replacements.	
Bus insulation systems	Existing switchgear and bus duct can be retrofitted with partial discharge sensors, therefore allowing for online predictive diagnostics.	Replacement fluidized insulated bus systems are supplied to improve the reliability and extend the life expectancy of the switchgear bus system. During the preliminary inspection, the sources of bus contamination, or environmental factors, are reviewed and long-term system corrections are also implemented.	
Medium voltage vacuum retrofit and low voltage Digitrip RMS retrofits	—	As presented in <i>Circuit Breaker Specialized Services</i> , medium voltage vacuum replacements improve the reliability and life expectancy of medium voltage breakers; as well as low voltage Digitrip RMS retrofits do the same for low voltage breakers.	
Low and medium voltage motor starting upgrades	—	Eaton's Cutler-Hammer aftermarket products include AMPGARD® retrofit kits with air to vacuum replacements. In addition, for low voltage motor control and DS switchgear, replacement units are manufactured as direct replacements for Westinghouse and other OEM's MCC buckets. Reliability is improved by the replacement of the operating coils and associated contact assemblies.	Life extension is achieved for medium and low voltage motor control centers by replacing the worn components with new production units. In addition, improved motor protection and communications can be incorporated into the upgrade package.
Low and medium voltage cell retrofit	—	To assist in improving reliability of individual feeder cubicles, Eaton can supply a complete circuit breaker and supporting cell for installation into existing switchgear. The result is a new production unit, custom installed into an existing older vintage switchgear lineup. A site inspection is required to determine the best breaker/cell combination to satisfy the system requirement.	Costs are reduced in comparison to modernizing the entire switchgear lineup. Life extension is achieved for a single cubicle feeder only.
Molded case circuit breaker upgrades	—	Older style molded case breakers can be replaced with new Eaton standard or the high interrupting Series C® class of molded case breakers. Long-term reliability is improved.	Life extension is achieved for the entire lineup by application of new production units into the existing switchboard lineup.
Plant monitoring, protection and control Digitrip PowerNet Advantage starters DeviceNet PLC interface	—	Real-time monitoring and remote control of circuit breakers can greatly improve reliability by providing immediate indication of a problem, allowing for a quick resolution; and if necessary, remote control of power distribution equipment.	Plant electrical system life extension can be achieved by improving the monitoring, protection and control of the individual components in a planned and unified manner. Plant electrical distribution systems are being subjected to higher loads and greater harmonics. Plantwide monitoring can help identify these areas of rapid deterioration, and implement corrective actions to extend the life of the electrical system. In addition, with the advent of utility deregulation, having accurate power usage values will allow for improved negotiating on power purchases.
Power factor control and correction	—	—	Utility rates, as well as internal electrical system losses, are related to power factor. Cost reductions are achieved through proper power factor control and correction. For systems with harmonics, filtered power factor capacitor banks should be designed and installed.
Ground fault detection systems	—	Improved system reliability and personnel safety are achieved by a properly applied ground fault detection system. Systems can be applied at MV, or low voltage levels by the use of Eaton products.	Costly outages, and faults related to repeated arcing grounds, can be eliminated, as well as providing an improved environment for personnel safety.
High resistance grounding and detection	—	High resistance grounding systems can be installed on ungrounded systems. These systems will limit the ground fault current, thereby reducing ground fault damage. The advantages of an ungrounded system are maintained with the added feature of ground detection and correction while maintaining system operation.	Costs are reduced by limiting the damaging effects of ground fault current and reducing the troubleshooting time to locate grounds. Ground fault pulsing allows for locating the ground, with portable hand-held sensing devices, during online operation.
Surge/lightning protection systems	—	Outages can be prevented, related to surges or lightning by the proper application of protective devices.	Costly equipment damage can be eliminated.
Automatic transfer scheme upgrades	—	Older automatic transfer schemes employ old relay systems. The relay coils may be at the end of their useful life, and operation can not be assured for the next required automatic transfer. Unfortunately, most defective transfer schemes are not detected until a failed operation has occurred.	Cost reductions related to downtime are eliminated, by a review and upgrade of older transfer schemes, before the first failed automatic transfer operation occurs.

**Electrical System Modernization, continued**

<b>Engineering Services Capabilities</b>	<b>New Construction and Facility Growth</b>	<b>Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime</b>	<b>Life Extension and Cost Reductions</b>
Network protector service/relaying systems	—	Network protector relaying systems require service and testing to ensure continued proper operation. Older relaying systems can be upgraded, and complete network protector service is available to improve reliability.	Life extension is achieved by proper servicing, and/or upgrading of network protector components. Complete network protector reconditioning is also available from Eaton.
Generator voltage regulation and static excitation systems	—	Many older in-house cogeneration units have antiquated voltage regulation and excitation systems. These older systems can not function with the precision of modern replacements, and often require extensive maintenance. Eaton offers a complete range of products to apply to these older systems, thereby improving overall system reliability and reducing downtime.	With the advent of utility deregulation, in-house cogeneration has become a critical source of supplemental electrical power, for peak-shaving and negotiating competitive power usage rates. With the associated maintenance of the mechanical and rotating components, the life expectancy can be extended with the inclusion of a modern electrical control system.
Reduced voltage and soft starters	—	Application of current production starters will improve reliability due to the new components installed.	Starter retrofits can be easily justified based on energy cost savings, and reduced wear-and-tear on the process line during starting.
Synchronous motor field application	—	Many older synchronous motors employ field application panels that are obsolete, with parts support no longer available. Applying a new Eaton field application package will improve reliability and reduce future downtime.	Life extension can be achieved for the synchronous motor field application system by applying new Eaton products.
Drive systems PLC process systems	—	Retrofitting older drive and relay-logic process systems with new drives and PLCs provides for greater reliability and reduced downtime. Older devices are eliminated, thereby eliminating nuisance control problems.	Process cost reductions will be realized by drive system PLC improvements due to greater control of production parameters. Eaton sensors, in conjunction with drive and PLCs, can provide a complete modernized production system.
All OEMs upgraded Westinghouse/GE/ITE BBC/ABB/Square D Allis Chalmers/Siemens/ Federal Pacific/Roller Smith	—	Field personnel are experienced in Eaton equipment, as well as other manufacturer's equipment. This cross-OEM experience allows the application of singular new products to satisfy many OEM upgrading needs and provide uniformity across the various OEM's equipment.	

#### Circuit Breaker Specialized Services

Engineering Services Capabilities	New Construction and Facility Growth	Improved Reliability and Reduced Downtime	Life Extension and Cost Reductions
Low and medium voltage replacement circuit breakers	Spare cubicles, part of new construction with a planned expansion, can be equipped with low voltage and medium voltage replacement breakers. Eaton circuit breakers and other OEM circuit breakers can be supplied.	Downtime can be substantially reduced by allowing our Aftermarket Centers of Excellence to provide spare replacement breakers.	Aging circuit breakers can be replaced with direct roll-in replacements, thereby extending the life of the entire switchgear assembly.
AR-Series low voltage replacement breakers Westinghouse Allis-Chalmers Federal Pacific and others	—	Eaton's AR-Series low voltage replacement breakers provide a solution tailored to meet safety and reliability concerns while eliminating the need for new switchgear. AR-Series breakers are 100% new and are designed to be electrical and mechanical equivalents of the vintage breakers they replace. They are not "retrofits" and do not reuse any parts from the original breaker. The same safety, reliability and maintainability of new switchgear are obtained for a fraction of the total installed cost.	Life extension is achieved by upgrading existing breakers to the most current breaker technology. The AR-Series solution will result in a number of reduced costs associated with maintaining or replacing vintage equipment. These cost reductions include: reduced maintenance time, decreased outages due to readily available parts, elimination of field engineering costs, reduced spare parts investment increase safety.
Low voltage retrofits Digitrip RMS kits Westinghouse Cutler-Hammer GE ITE/BBC/ABB Allis-Chalmers Siemens Federal Pacific Square D Roller Smith	—	Eaton Digitrip RMS kits have been widely used to modernized low voltage circuit breakers. They offer advanced RMS sensing, digital display of current, improved protection, fault indication, self-testing and communications to Eaton's PowerNet system. Retrofits greatly improve reliability by applying the latest technology to existing circuit breakers.	Life extension is achieved by upgrading the critical trip system on low voltage circuit breakers. In addition, future testing costs are reduced, and in-house testing can be applied by the purchase of a portable test set.
Medium voltage vacuum roll-in circuit breakers Eaton new production breaker element Full ANSI design testing Increased MVA ratings available Field installation and startup	—	Older air circuit breaker contacts, arc chutes, mechanisms, secondary disconnects, etc., are replaced with current production vacuum breakers, incorporating all of the above into a single, fully ANSI tested device. Long-term reliability is improved.	Life extension of medium voltage switchgear assemblies can be accomplished by the replacement of existing air circuit breakers with new vacuum breakers. Eaton's Electrical Sector manufactures widely used vacuum breaker elements for this purpose.
Low and medium voltage recondition Aftermarket centers of excellence (ACE)	—	All components are refurbished, or replaced, depending on the extent of service contracted. Spares are available for interchanging units during scheduled outages, resulting in long-term reliability gains without costly unexpected outages.	The low and medium voltage breaker life is substantially extended. In addition, the service can include the application of modernized rms sensing trip systems. Specialized Navy, or Nuclear Safety Related 1E units are also serviced.
MCC motor starter buckets	—	Replacements provide all new components and added reliability.	Spares are available to provide extended life, during schedule outages.
MCC replacement buckets for other manufacturers	Add buckets or increase starter sizes in existing equipment.	Replacement units are newly manufactured including stabs and all breaker and control components. They utilize state-of-the-art technology increasingly reliability and uptime.	Many designs of vintage MCC are no longer supported. Eaton's replacement units offer a cost-effective means to extend the life or modernize existing equipment without the need to replace the original MCC.

Partial Discharge Testing



Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Predictive Diagnostic	
Partial Discharge Testing . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-29</b>
Medium and High Voltage Predictive Diagnostics Online Monitoring and Partial Discharge Analysis . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-32</b>

**Partial Discharge Testing**

**General Description**

**Application**

Eaton’s Electrical Services & Systems has developed state-of-the-art technology to allow for the long-term predictive diagnostics of medium voltage equipment. New or existing medium voltage switchgear lineups are equipped with partial discharge (PD) sensors to measure PD within the cubicles. The sensing technology provides measurement of all discharges through noninvasive sensing of the electrical power signal. Measurements are performed online, while switchgear equipment is energized under normal operational conditions, using measurement equipment specifically designed for this purpose.

**Functionality**

PD sensors detect partial discharges, which are the initial indicators of corona or surface tracking. Corona and surface tracking are the primary root-causes of insulation deterioration in medium voltage electrical equipment. The sensitivity of PD sensors and measurement technology is sufficient to detect early stages of defect development by measuring PD of low levels (less than 50 pico-coulombs). PD occurring within the cubicles as well as PD emanated by external sources (cable terminations, cables, bus ducts, connected transformers, motors, etc.) within a limited distance is identified. Sensors allow for periodic partial discharge sensing from the front of each switchgear cubicle without the need to open cubicle doors, using measurement equipment specifically for this purpose.

Eaton provides a PD sensor for each cubicle within the switchgear lineup. Sensing for PD at the ends of the switchgear lineups only is not acceptable due to the signal attenuation of PD. The sensing must occur in each individual cubicle to ensure maximum sensitivity and predictive value of the measurements.

**Calibration and Baseline Measurements**

New switchgear can be monitored at the factory prior to shipment, and a baseline signature of PD is provided with the switchgear. Field startup service includes obtaining a post-installation signature of the PD. In-service medium voltage switchgear, which is retrofitted with PD sensors, will have an initial baseline measurement obtained, whereas our database of switchgear PD measurements does allow us to provide immediate results concerning the insulation condition.

**PD Analysis Instrumentation (for use during periodic PD measurements)**

Eaton measurement and analysis instrumentation is capable of periodically detecting partial discharges related to medium voltage switchgear, medium voltage motors and generators, medium voltage cables, transformers and other medium voltage electrical equipment. It completes concurrent sampling of a minimum of four channels, able to effectively suppress electrical noise, eliminate cross-coupling of measured PD signals, maintain a detection sensitivity of 50 pC or better, and disseminate the type of discharge measured. Immediate report documentation is incorporated within the instrumentation software, with analysis and recommendations included in the final report.

### Transformer Predictive Diagnostics

#### ***(Bushing Power Factor, Partial Discharge and Vibro-Acoustics)***

Transformers, with a primary voltage at or above 68 kV, and containing capacitive taps on the primary bushing, should be equipped with a continuous monitoring system to allow for pre- and post-shipment measurement of bushing power factor and internal PD. In addition, vibro-acoustics testing can be completed both prior to shipment and after final installation. Vibro-acoustics testing will indicate any initial internal winding or core looseness prior to shipment, and confirm that no additional internal stress has occurred during shipment and installation. This additional field-testing provides for immediate indication of any problem related to the manufacturer, transportation, installation and startup. Vibro-acoustics also provides indication of internal looseness related to over-drying out of insulation during oil processing, and can provide diagnostic information in preparation for a transformer internal inspection. In addition, these systems provide a method to complete future predictive diagnostics, online, without any equipment outage, therefore providing extended life and increased equipment uptime.

### Transformer Bushing Monitoring System

Eaton's system monitors the changes in the bushing insulation, for the set of three bushings in a group, based on changes in bushing capacitance or bushing power factor.

The system detects changes of the power frequency current through the bushing insulation. If the transformer has 6 or 9 bushings (two or three windings), additional systems can be installed as required. The measured current through the bushing insulation can not be less than 2 mA. The system also provides provisions for the connection of instrumentation for periodical PD measurements using portable equipment without requiring a transformer outage, or any modifications to the sensing circuit.

#### **Sensors**

The power factor (PF) sensors are connected to the bushing capacitance taps. All sensors are designed for outdoor installation within the ambient temperature minus 50°C to plus 50°C. Insulation level (withstand 1 minute AC voltage) between primary and secondary circuits is: bushing sensor 1.5 kV plus overvoltage protection; neutral sensor 15 kV; tank, core or cable shield grounding 2.5 kV; and 5 sheath 1.5 kV. The sensor system also includes overvoltage protection to suppress all overvoltages, arising during transformer operation, below this level. Temperature sensor, if used with a digital device, is of a standard RTD type. Sensors also provide provisions for periodic PD measurements online, using separate instrumentation designed for this purpose.

#### **Instrumentation**

Eaton's predictive analysis instrumentation is capable of precise continuous measurement of the capacitive current through the bushing insulation while the transformer is energized. The minimum detectable change in current is 0.1% of the initial current. The temperature deviation of the signal is the same order. The display is available from the bushing monitoring instrumentation for one complex PF signal per bushing group, which will include the display of the current PF value. The following output signals can also be provided as required: Two alarm signals (dry contacts) for a local alarm system, and additionally 4–20 mA DC output for an analog re-transmitting or serial interface for digital re-transmitting. Instrumentation is completely isolated from high voltages and feature immunity to high voltage transients. Full field calibration procedures are supplied with the instrument's operation manual. All necessary connections for the selected options are supplied with startup and baseline calibration.

#### **Software (Digital Option)**

Eaton's monitoring software is compatible with Microsoft® Windows® 95 or high O/S based systems with the following features: display of the PF value for the group of three bushings (up to three groups), storage and trending of the PF value for all monitored groups (up to three), trending PF readings versus temperature, alarm threshold setting, alarming upon PF reaching the preset thresholds, printing and plotting of the historical data.

#### **Calibration, Manuals and Baseline Measurements**

Eaton provides full field calibration and startup. A separate independent PF test is performed of each bushing as part of the startup and calibration process. Transformer bushings are calibrated and baseline measurements obtained. Part of the field startup service includes obtaining a post-installation baseline measurements to ensure no detects have resulted during bushing installation and/or transformer transportation, installation and startup. A report with any recommendations is also provided. A complete manual is supplied for both the instrumentation and the software describing the operation of the instrumentation, calibration and troubleshooting.

#### **Remote Monitoring**

Eaton can monitor any asset using partial discharge equipment by several secure methods including cellular, Ethernet or dial-in. Eaton has a secure APN that enables the most secure connections available and can provide monthly reporting, alarms and product support.

### Online Transformer Partial Discharge Monitoring

Eaton also installs PD sensors to allow for online PD measurements within a transformer. PD measurement can be periodically obtained while the transformer is online and in normal operation, using separate instrumentation designed for this purpose. The measurement system can assess the insulation condition based on PD measurement of the bushings and the transformer windings insulation. The system is also capable of detecting sparking in the core, sparking associated with connections, and sparking associated with the static electrical discharges.

#### Sensors and Instrumentation

Sensors are noninvasive and have no connection to the energized components. Sensors are designed for outdoor installation within the ambient installation within the ambient temperature  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Sensors are connected, as required based on the field conditions, to the following locations: bushing capacitor taps, transformer neutral connection, tank grounding, core grounding, electrostatic shield grounding, surge arresters, isophase bus enclosure bonds and grounds. The sensor frequency range of operation is 500 kHz to 50 MHz. Insulation level (withstand 1 minute AC voltage) between primary and secondary circuits is: bushing sensor 1.5 kV plus overvoltage protection; neutral sensor 15 kV; tank, core or cable shield grounding 2.5 kV; and isophase sheath 1.5 kV. The sensor system also includes overvoltage protection to suppress all overvoltages, arising during transformer operation, below this level.

Part of the field startup service includes obtaining post-installation baseline measurements to ensure no defects have resulted during bushing installation and/or transformer transportation, installation and startup. A report with any recommendations is also provided.

#### Measurement Parameters

Eaton's instrumentation measures the following: apparent PD magnitude of each impulse, number of impulses per cycle, phase position of each discharge impulse, impulse repetition rate, impulse discharge power, and peak discharge magnitude of the impulses. The following quantities are plotted and displayed in a report format: apparent discharge magnitude of each impulse, number of impulses per cycle, phase position of each discharge impulse, impulse repetition rate, impulse discharge power, peak discharge magnitude of the impulses, impulse count and PD magnitude vs. phase position representation and impulse PD power. The above information is provided to support the findings and recommendations, which are contained in a field report.

#### Vibro-Acoustic Analysis of Transformers

Eaton can perform vibro-acoustics testing prior to shipment and after final installation. Vibro-acoustics testing indicates any initial internal winding or core looseness prior to shipment, and confirms that no additional internal stress has occurred during shipment and installation.

#### Periodic Partial Discharge Analysis Software

Eaton's expert monitoring system applies analysis software, during periodic measurements, with the following features: display of PD data, statistical processing of the PD data, data storage and editing, and instrumentation control. All data from the test is automatically saved to a hard disk in a database format. The stored data format is compatible with Microsoft Windows applications Word®, Excel®, Access® and others. All standard "Microsoft Windows" control functions such as printing, and cut and paste operations are available within the software. Upon initiation, the software performs self-diagnostic procedures to ensure all components are operating correctly.

#### Calibration, Manuals and Baseline Measurements

Part of the field startup service includes obtaining post-installation baseline measurements to ensure no defects have resulted during bushing installation and/or transformer transportation, installation and startup. A report with recommendations is also provided.

#### Measurements

Vibro-acoustics is based on collecting steady-state vibro-acoustic data from the outside of the transformer tank under two load conditions and subsequent automated analysis of the energy distribution among different frequencies in this vibration data. The first measurement at no-load will be obtained prior to shipment. A subsequent, post-installation, no-load, vibro-acoustic measurement is also completed on-site to verify no internal stresses resulted during shipment or installation.

After the unit is loaded to approximately 50%, or greater, a second set of measurements shall be obtained. Two subsequent measurements, at 6 and 12 months, following continuous online operation, are recommended. Further follow-up measurements will be on an as-determined basis. Measurements are made at 12 locations on the transformer tank, 6 on the HV side of the transformer tank and 6 on the LV side (the HV side indicates the side with HV bushings, and the LV side indicates the side with the LV bushings).

#### Traditional Transformer Startup and Acceptance Testing

The above transformer predictive diagnostic systems and field startup testing is completed by Eaton in addition to traditional transformer factory and field acceptance testing in accordance with ANSI, IEEE, and other applicable testing standards. For example, a separate independent power factor test is required of each bushing as part of the startup and calibration process. These additional tests provide for immediate indication of any problem related to manufacturer, transportation, installation and startup. In addition, Eaton's predictive diagnostics provides a method to complete future predictive diagnostics, online, without any equipment outage, therefore providing extended life and increased equipment uptime.

InsulGard Predictive Relay



### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Partial Discharge Testing . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-29</b>
Medium and High Voltage Predictive Diagnostics Online Monitoring and Partial Discharge Analysis Features, Benefits and Functions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-33</b>

## Medium and High Voltage Predictive Diagnostics Online Monitoring and Partial Discharge Analysis

### General Description

Eaton’s predictive diagnostics offers predictive diagnostic equipment and systems for medium and high voltage equipment. Much of Eaton’s technology is based on the measurement and analysis of partial discharges (PD). PD is a well-known and an industry-accepted indicator of insulation deterioration that leads to equipment failure.

Studies have shown that approximately 80 percent of all equipment failures occur on a random basis and are not age related. The statistic indicates that whatever we are doing today in terms of preventive maintenance is not overly effective and that there are opportunities for major improvements.

Certainly, a well-designed, time-based preventive maintenance program will have a profound positive effect on failure rates, but they are generally invasive in nature. This invasiveness has a tendency to increase failure rates due to the introduction of new defects, resulting in infant-mortality failure patterns.

With industry moving toward fewer and shorter outages, companies are looking for alternative and predictive technologies to protect their investment, lower maintenance costs and increase system reliability. Use of the technologies provided by Eaton will do just that.

### Application Description

#### *InsulGard Predictive Relay for Continuous Monitoring and Analysis of PD*

Applications of the InsulGard system are available for equipment that are rated for 4000V to 38,000V and include:

- Motors/generators (RTDs are also used as sensors)
- Switchgear systems
- Bus ducts
- Power center transformers
- Gas insulated substations
- Splices and terminations of cables



## Features, Benefits and Functions

### ***InsulGard—Transformer Monitoring System***

Data gathered from Doble conferences and other scientific papers indicate that bushing failures are responsible for up to 35 percent of all large power transformer failures. This data also states that 52 percent of bushing failures are violent in nature, which presents safety concerns, as well as concerns related to environmental damage.

Among Eaton's capabilities is the ability to continuously monitor the changes in the C1 capacitance, as well as any changes in the dielectric losses of the bushing (bushing power factor). It's like having a continuous online Doble test of the bushings under true electrical stress and temperature. We also have the ability to test the bushings and the power transformer windings for PD on a periodic basis, while the equipment is in operation.

Eaton's comprehensive transformer monitoring system incorporates permanent PD sensors to timely detect a wide range of electrical problems (PDs, surface tracking, arcing, sparking) in bushings, winding insulation, core, laminations, tap changer connections, ground connections, pressboard barriers, etc. Ideal system for critical transformers or to keep your troublesome unit out of trouble! Implementation of Eaton's predictive diagnostics provides an analysis of your critical equipment to reduce the risk of failure and increase uptime.

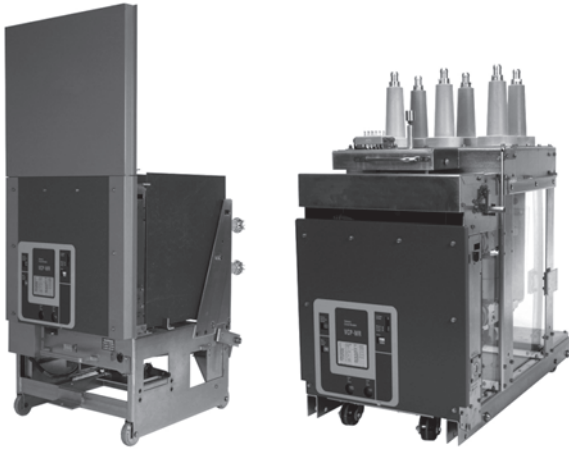
### ***Benefits of Using the InsulGard System***

- Saves money
- No labor is required to conduct test
- More efficient deployment of personnel. Labor can be reallocated to fix problems (instead of look for them) and take care of other important matters
- Tests are performed online
- No loss of asset productivity
- More accurate data as tests are conducted under actual operating conditions
- No infant-mortality patterns that are commonly introduced via invasive testing procedures
- Tests are continuous
- Finding a problem is not left to chance (like interval testing). You will know when a problem started and how rapidly it is progressing
- No surprises and no forced outages. Increased safety—you will always be aware of conditions/problems
- Allows trending of other variables that affect PD activity such as load, temperature and humidity
- Unnecessary maintenance is reduced because you are constantly testing and have more accurate data on which to base decisions
- You have achieved predictive/conditioned-based maintenance versus interval/chance maintenance
- You can prioritize which equipment receives service first—a true maintenance planning tool

### ***Benefits of Remote Monitoring***

- Relieves the burden of data analysis
- Experts are readily available
- Safe, secure and reliable data collection
- Cost-effective—eliminates cost of expert traveling to site
- Automatic, easy to understand reports

#### VR-Series Breakers



### Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers

#### Product Description

##### History and Technology

Most medium voltage air magnetic power circuit breakers have been in service for 25 years and some for as long as 60 years. They were reliable and for many years maintainable. Increased short-circuit capabilities in utility and industrial power systems have created “over-duty” situations with many of these breakers. Parts availability has also increased the cost of maintaining the breakers in peak condition.

In the mid 1970s, circuit breaker manufacturers began introducing vacuum technology for medium voltage power circuit breakers. It was desirable and feasible to incorporate the advantages of vacuum technology into replacement breakers that would directly interchange with the existing medium voltage air magnetic power circuit breakers to extend the useful life of their existing switchgear. Most users wanted a replacement that was functionally interchangeable, both electrically and mechanically, with their existing medium voltage air magnetic power circuit breakers.

The market responded by offering “retrofits” that utilized the existing breaker trucks (frames) and vacuum circuit breaker modules. These alternatives provided extended life for electrical equipment, reduced maintenance, and allowed increased capabilities for many distribution systems. IEEE/ANSI established a standard for retrofits (IEEE/ANSI C37.59) in 1991 that put consistency in the retrofit process. However, retrofits were costly, caused inconvenience for users, required months to complete, and the lack of configuration control made it difficult to standardize designs.

Eaton now offers new VR circuit breakers that can be supplied in place of the old retrofit technology. Unlike retrofits, VR power circuit breakers are new from the ground up and offer improved performance, maintainability and convenience over retrofits. They can be supplied in large quantities to facilitate complete substation upgrades in a single outage. System upgrades to handle higher short-circuit levels are available.

#### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Retrofit Services	
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers	
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers . . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker	
Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™	
Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum	
Starter Replacement. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

#### Application Description

Eaton’s vacuum replacement (VR) circuit breakers are fully engineered and tested to provide the user with a means of modernizing electrical power distribution systems, and in most cases, extending the life of the equipment while improving performance and system reliability.

Medium voltage Type VR circuit breakers are available for 5 kV through 15 kV distribution systems.

**Features, Benefits and Functions**

Eaton is a world leader in circuit breaker technology. The same reliable vacuum technology is used in our VR circuit breakers. Eaton’s vacuum interrupter is used in many manufacturers’ switchgear breakers worldwide. Many of the components and sub-assemblies in Eaton medium voltage VacClad-W metal-clad switchgear are the same as those used to manufacture the VR product line. This helps reduce spare parts inventories and the amount of required maintenance training.

Eaton vacuum technology reduces maintenance since the contacts are sealed from contaminants in the environment, no adjustments or cleaning of the main contacts are required, and the main contacts require no special gauges or devices to measure wear or contact pressure. Annual lubrication and testing can be performed in a fraction of the time required for air magnetic circuit breakers.

Eaton’s non-sliding current transfer system eliminates the need to check and tighten connections between the vacuum interrupter stem and the main conductors or the circuit breaker. The connection is permanent and provides high conductivity without creating hotspots and Holm effect as found in half-clamp connections.

*SURE CLOSE* MOC operators are available to provide dependable MOC operation that is decoupled from the main closing function of the VR circuit breaker mechanism. This prevents the VR circuit breaker from stalling or failing to latch during the closing operation. *SURE CLOSE* mechanisms also have adjustable stop positions to control over-travel of MOC switch operators.

**Service Life**

Most medium voltage air magnetic circuit breakers have been in service for 25 to 60 years. As long as the bus structures, insulation systems and general mechanical condition of the switchgear cells/structures are maintained in good condition, equipment life can easily be prolonged with the addition of VR circuit breakers.

**Availability**

VR breakers are available in a wide range of ratings and models to replace medium voltage, air magnetic circuit breakers originally manufactured by:

- Westinghouse
- General Electric
- Allis-Chalmers/Siemens
- Federal Pacific Electric
- ITE/ABB
- McGraw-Edison

**Required Information**

In order to obtain the correct VR circuit breaker, the following information should be provided to Eaton:

- Original switchgear manufacturer
- Original breaker manufacturer
- Breaker type or catalog number
- Maximum voltage rating continuous current rating and maximum short-circuit or MVA rating
- Control voltages
- List of options and/or modifications
- Copy of schematic and wiring diagram
- Year of manufacture of original breaker and switchgear
- MOC requirement

For site-specific specifications, contact your local General Field Sales Force office, or your local Engineering Services center.

**Detailed Requirements**

**General**

This section covers the design, testing and manufacturing requirements for new vacuum replacement (VR) circuit breakers for use in medium voltage metal-clad switchgear. The VR circuit breakers will be functional replacements (both mechanically and electrically) for the air magnetic circuit breakers they replace. The VR circuit breakers will be interchangeable (within the limits of the original switchgear) between different types of cells (structures) of the same voltage, MVA and ampere class without cell (structure) modifications.

**Note:** Retrofits, as defined by IEEE/ANSI C37.59-1996 6.1.4.2 are not covered and will not be considered as an alternative or substitute for new VR circuit breakers.

**Scope of Work**

Eaton’s Electrical Sector will provide all project management, factory and field engineering, short-circuit and coordination studies (if required and at an additional charge), supervision, labor, material, tools, rental, test equipment and transportation as defined for a complete VR circuit breaker replacement of the required existing medium voltage switchgear circuit breakers. The VR circuit breakers will be designed for maximum voltages of either 4.76 kV, 8.25 kV or 15 kV as required.

**MVA Ratings**

The available MVA rating of the VR circuit breakers are as follows:

All Eaton switchgear structures designated for VR circuit breakers with increased MVA levels will have the existing bus bracing analyzed. EESS will determine if bus bracing is capable of withstanding the maximum (peak) momentary ratings per ANSI C37.09 and ANSI C37.20.2 capabilities of the new VR circuit breakers. EESS will provide documentation to verify that the switchgear bus is sufficiently braced to handle the new ratings or supply the cost as a separate item to increase the bus bracing of all designated switchgear structures in the lineup to comply with the increased MVA ratings. Following the study and/or the bracing modifications, Eaton’s service engineer will affix a nameplate to each switchgear structure stating the new MVA rating, the manufacturer’s name and the date of verification or upgrade.

**VR Ratings**

Volts kV	Original MVA <sup>①</sup>	New MVA
4.76	100–250 <sup>②</sup>	250
4.77	100–250 <sup>②</sup>	350
8.25	150–500	500
15	150–500	500
	150–500	750
	150–500	1000
	750	1000
	150–1000	1500

**Notes**

- ① MVA is obsolete switchgear terminology and is used for reference only in this document.
- ② 26-inch (660.4 mm) wide cells only.

**Cubicle Modifications**

The VR circuit breakers are designed to be interchangeable with existing breakers of the same continuous current and MVA ratings without required modifications to the existing cubicles in most cases. Any required cell modifications are designed to be reversible. Existing cell coding systems are retained where possible.

VR circuit breakers with upgraded/increased MVA or continuous current ratings do require modifications to the cubicle coding system to prevent the insertion of breakers that do not have the same ratings as the upgraded VR circuit breakers.

**Applicable Standards**

All VR breakers will be designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable sections of:

- IEEE C37.59-2007 (cell interface and testing criteria)
- IEEE C37.04
- IEEE C37.06
- IEEE C37.09
- IEEE C37.20.2
- IEEE C37.100
- IEEE C37.100.1
- IEEE STD 4-1995

**Materials**

All materials used in the manufacturing of the new VR circuit breakers will be new and unused. No parts or materials from the original air-magnetic circuit breakers will be reconditioned and reused in the manufacture of the new VR circuit breakers. All components used in the manufacturing of the new VR circuit breakers including, mechanism, vacuum interrupters and frame components will all be manufactured by Eaton to ensure single-source reliability and responsibility.

**Manufacturer's Qualifications**

Eaton is currently engaged in the design and manufacturing of medium voltage vacuum circuit breakers and switchgear structures. Eaton has a minimum of 50 years experience in switchgear manufacturing, is a member of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and has representation on IEEE C37 Switchgear Working and Balloting Groups, and owns and operates an engineering services organization.

**Eaton's Electrical Services & Systems (EESS)**

- Experienced, factory-trained field engineers and technicians familiar with the installation and startup of medium voltage VR circuit breakers
- A minimum of 30 field service locations staffed with engineers that are available on a 24-hour basis for emergency service
- Capabilities of on-site cell alignment, breaker levering system repairs and control system modifications
- Capabilities to perform computer-generated short-circuit, coordination and load flow studies for final breaker trip settings. All studies will be conducted under the supervision and approval of a registered professional electrical engineer skilled in interpreting studies and test results regarding medium voltage VR circuit breakers. The Registered Professional Electrical Engineer is a full-time employee of EESS

**Vacuum Circuit Breaker Module Features**

The VR circuit breakers will utilize vacuum circuit breaker modules manufactured by Eaton. Acceptable conversion modules are the VCP-18WR, VCP-20WR, VCP-29WR and the VCP-29WRSE.

**Common Pole Shaft**

The circuit breaker mechanism will open and close all three phases and any auxiliary devices via a common operating shaft to ensure consistent and simultaneous operation of the main contacts. The shaft will be supported at the ends and along its length with bearings. The main drive shaft will be connected to the individual vacuum interrupters via insulated drive links.

**Insulated Drive Links**

The mechanism drive shaft will be connected to each moving contact via an insulated drive link made of glass-reinforced polyester for element types VCP-18WR, VCP-20WR and VCP-29WR and cycloaliphatic epoxy for the VCP-29WRSE. The insulated link material is non-hydroscopic and meets the flame-retardant requirements as set forth in IEEE C37.20.2. The drive links are easily removable with single clevis pins at each end and spring retaining clips.

**Shock Absorber System**

The mechanism will contain a shock absorber system to dampen the opening force of the circuit breaker. The shock absorber has sufficient resilience to prevent contact bounce that could cause a restrike of the main contacts during the opening of the circuit breaker or during a spring discharge. The VCP-20WR, VCP-29WR and VCP-29WRSE vacuum conversion element's mechanism consists of a series of parallel steel plates with spring separators that spread the plates during breaker opening. The shock absorber has a design life of 10,000 breaker opening and closing cycles without the need for repair, replacement or adjustment. The VCP-18WR has a sealed replaceable shock absorber and is capable of being adjusted if replaced or during initial mechanism assembly.

**Manual Trip and Close**

The mechanism has front accessible manual close and trip operators that are directly connected to the breaker operating mechanism and are an integral part of the electrical close and trip coils.

**Operations Counter**

Each VR circuit breaker mechanism has a five digit non-resetting mechanical operations counter connected to the operating shaft.

**Spring Charged Indicator**

Each operating mechanism will be equipped with a visible indicator to show the state of the stored energy mechanism. The indicator will show when the spring is fully charged or discharged.

**Auxiliary Contacts**

The breaker will have a low inertia, rotary operated auxiliary switch connected to the main pole shaft assembly. Connections will be made via insulated ring-tongue terminals.

**Vacuum Bottle Assembly**

The vacuum bottle assembly will be constructed from virgin materials and manufactured by Eaton. The contacts will be principally composed of powdered metal, chromium-copper contact material. The powdered metal is fused under high pressure to form a consistent contact material. The contacts are machined to form spiral petal contacts to assist in the swirling of the arc during interruption.

The edges of the ceramic components will be "metallized" and fired prior to assembly. The components are inspected and assembled in a Class 1000 clean room prior to sealing the components. The components are inserted into a vacuum heat chamber and sealed under vacuum. No "pinch tubes" are used.

A stainless steel corrugated bellow achieves isolation of the ambient air and the vacuum. The moving contact stem of the vacuum interrupter has a machined groove to prevent rotation of the contact within the vacuum chamber.

The vacuum interrupter has a visual method of identifying contact wear without the use of gauges or other devices. In addition, a separate visual “T-cutout” is used to verify that the mechanism is applying adequate spring pressure to the contacts when the breaker is in the closed position.

The contacts are self-aligning and do not require adjustments for the life of the vacuum interrupter assembly. The contacts also have a spring system to apply proper contact pressure. The operation of the contacts cause a wiping action to clean the contact surfaces.

#### **Insulated Pole Assemblies**

Pole assemblies are insulated from ground with non-hydroscopic insulating materials manufactured from glass-reinforced polyester.

#### **Current Transfer System**

The current transfer from the conductor stem to the primary bushing assemblies is via a non-sliding current transfer system consisting of a fused stem assembly and a V-Flex™ silver-plated copper leaf conductor or folded leaf copper shunts. The stems have the adjoining conductors mechanically fused with the stem material. This junction forms a solid current transfer.

#### **Trip-Free Operation**

The new VR circuit breaker operation mechanism is a “true Trip-Free” design. When the trip function is mechanically engaged and held, and the close function is initiated either electrically or mechanically, the contacts do not close. The contacts are restricted to 10% of the total travel.

#### **Mechanical Status Indicator**

Each new VR circuit breaker has a mechanical status indicator with the word “CLOSED” on a red background when the breakers are closed and the word “OPEN” on a green background when the breakers are open.

#### **Breaker Truck/Frame Assembly**

##### **Frame Materials and Plating**

The frame is constructed from steel, utilizing a combination of bolting and welding to assemble the frames. All frames are zinc-plated.

##### **Wheels and Casters for Transport**

VR circuit breakers are supplied with a transport system that is a functional replacement of the transport system of the original design. The transport system conforms to the requirements of the original design.

##### **Hardware**

All hardware is a minimum grade five, zinc-plated with a yellow dichromate finish or black oxide.

##### **Bushing and Interface Conductor Material**

Primary and power frequency interface conductors are constructed of 100% IACS electrical grade conductive copper. Conductors are either silver- or tin-plated to a thickness of 0.0001–0.0002 for non-sliding surfaces and 0.001–0.002 for sliding surfaces. The power frequency conductors are sized to carry the full load ampacity of the circuit breaker without exceeding the temperature rise established in IEEE C37.09.

#### **Insulation Systems**

All bushings utilize either glass-reinforced polyester or molded cycloaliphatic epoxy insulation systems or engineer approved equal. Fluidized epoxy coatings are used to insulate interface conductors when necessary.

Phase barriers are manufactured from GPO-3 glass-reinforced polyester or equivalent and designed to isolate individual phase conductors. Openings are minimized to reduce the possibility of ionized gas propagation between phases.

#### **Corona Shields**

All 8.25 kV and 15 kV class breakers have internal corona shields when bushings are mounted on metallic back planes. The corona shields are permanently grounded. Bushings mounted on nonmetallic back planes do not have internal corona shields.

#### **Primary Connections**

Primary connections (finger clusters) are new and designed to carry the full nameplate rating of the replacement breaker without exceeding the allowable temperature rise as stated in ANSI C37.04.5.4.2-1979. In addition, the primary connections are capable of withstanding the full momentary/close and latch rating as well as the K\*I current rating for two seconds without melting, arcing or pitting the contact surface.

#### **Ground Contacts**

A metal-plated, self-coupling, separable grounding contact shall be supplied.

#### **Control Circuit Wiring**

Control wiring is SIS cross-linked polyethylene, #14 AWG minimum except for short runs such as coil and motor leads. Insulated ring tongue terminals are used. Solder or “fast-on” type connections are not used. Upfront, easy access terminal blocks are provided for maintenance and troubleshooting.

#### **Stored Energy Discharge**

The replacement breaker incorporates a manual and an automatic system to completely discharge all stored energy before the circuit breaker is fully withdrawn from the switchgear housing. The system will never intentionally discharge the stored energy while in the connected position.

#### **Passive Interlocks**

The mechanism will have a passive interlock to block the insertion or removal of a closed breaker. The system also prevents the insertion of the levering tool at any time the breaker is in the closed position.

#### **Active Interlocks**

Each breaker has an active interlock system. The system is operated by the insertion or removal of the VR circuit breaker. In the event the passive interlock is defeated, active interlock system will trip and open a connected, closed breaker if an attempt is made to remove it from the connected position. The system also holds the breaker in the “trip-free” position at all times between the test and fully connected positions.

**Locking Means**

Locking means is provided to lock the circuit breaker while in the fully connected or disconnected positions. The lock prevents the insertion or removal of the breaker. The lock will not prevent the breaker from being operated while in the fully connected position.

**Secondary Contact Block**

Control wiring connections between stationary structure and the removable breaker are provided with automatic, self-coupling contacts. The secondary blocks will be mold cycloaliphatic epoxy insulation. The pins are drilled and tapped to accept standard 8-32 screws for ease of maintenance and wiring changes. The secondary contact block is made of cycloaliphatic epoxy.

**MOC Operator**

All breakers will be furnished with MOC operators unless specified. The MOC operator will have sufficient power to operate the largest MOC switch or combination of switches in the switchgear lineup without affecting the breaker's ability to completely close and latch. The MOC driver is completely "decoupled" from the main breaker operating shaft and shall be powered by separate operating springs. The system is *SURE CLOSE* as manufactured by Eaton's Electrical Sector.

**Cell Coding System**

Eaton will supply or interface with the cell coding system to prevent the accidental insertion of a breaker into a cell of a different voltage, current, interrupting capacity or physical arrangement than the type intended for the switchgear cell receiving the breaker.

**Design and Certification (Type) Testing**

Each new VR circuit breaker supplied will have type tests performed on its base design to certify it to IEEE/ANSI standards. All Certification (Type) shall be performed in a switchgear cell/structure when required or an equivalent structure where permitted by ANSI C37.09. Written test reports, data logs and digital reproductions of the pulse used to perform the BIL test will be on hand for review by the buyer.

BIL—60 kV for 4.76 kV applications, 95 kV for 8.25 and 15 kV applications as a minimum crest with  $1.2 \mu\text{sec} \times 50 \mu\text{sec} \times 50\%$  wave shape per IEEE C37.09. The tests will be conducted per IEEE STD 4-1995. This test shall be performed in a breaker cell or cell equivalent with controlled humidity levels. Corrections for barometric pressure and ambient temperature will be applied to the test parameters. The breaker must pass a total of 54 shots.

Mechanical operations tests of each breaker design are performed in a switchgear cell designed to accommodate MOC switches. The maximum number of auxiliary MOC devices or their equivalent force will be applied during the test to ensure that the vacuum breaker has sufficient power to operate the auxiliary devices, successfully closes and latches during each operation, and that no fatigue or failure occurs. Consideration is given to designing a system that will not damage the MOC switch in the switchgear cell structure.

Momentary tests per IEEE C37.20.2 will be performed of the completed vacuum replacement breaker including the vacuum breaker element, bushings, primary disconnects (finger clusters), all bus in the breaker unit, and all insulators and braces per IEEE C37.09.

This test is to prove the mechanical strength and integrity of the conductor and frame assembly of the complete new vacuum replacement breaker. This test is performed in a switchgear cell designed to accommodate the circuit breaker being tested. Anti-rotation devices may be added to the cell if required to prevent rotation. If anti-rotation devices are used in the test breaker, then they will be installed in all the switchgear cells intended to accommodate the new breakers.

Short time current tests for three seconds at  $K^*I$  current will be performed to confirm the breakers  $I^2t$  capability. The test will be performed in a switchgear cell.

Continuous rated current testing per ANSI C37.04-1979 without exceeding 65°C hotspot rise with a maximum ambient not to exceed 40°C. This test is performed in a breaker cell or a cell structure of the same equivalent volume, dimensions and ventilation as the original switchgear structure.

Low Frequency Withstand—19 kV rms for 4.76 kV applications, 36 kV rms for 8.25 kV and 15 kV applications—per IEEE C37.09.

Interlock functional test per IEEE C37.20.2.

All production tests as stated in IEEE C37.09. Timing values per pole will be provided for the vacuum element in msec.

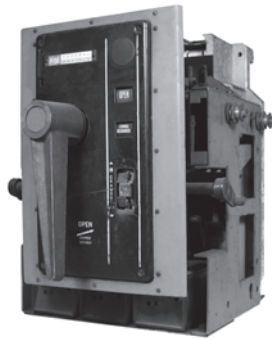
**Execution**

Eaton's factory trained and certified field service engineer(s) can perform the commissioning of each breaker at the customer's site. The field engineer will be familiar with the VR circuit breaker to the point that he/she can offer initial training to the owner's on-site operators and maintenance personnel while performing the commissioning.

**Technical Data and Specifications****Ratings**

- Maximum voltages: 4.76 kV, 8.25 kV and 15 kV
- Interrupting ratings: 4.76 kV: 250 MVA (29 kA) 4.77 kV: 350 MVA (41 kA) 8.25 kV: 500 MVA (33 kA) 15 kV: 500 MVA (18 kA) 750 MVA (28 kA) 1000 MVA (37 kA) 1500 MVA (63 kA)
- Continuous current: 1200A, 2000A, 3000A (5–15 kV) 4000A forced cooled (5–15 kV)

**AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers**



**FP-25 Original Magnetic Circuit Breaker**



**FP25-AR Air Replacement Breaker**

**Contents**

<b>Description</b>	<b>Page</b>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers	
Features . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-40</b>
Standards and Certifications . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-40</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

**AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers**

**Product Description**

**Application**

Maximum life extension. All AR-Series breakers are brand new from the ground up. They are designed to be electrical and mechanical equivalents of the breakers they replace. Cell modifications, if required, are kept to a minimum. They are not “Retrofits” and no parts are reused from the original breakers. This reduces out-of-service time, yielding consistent product designs, while reducing initial installation costs. AR-Series breakers correctly interface with compartment cell switches, and safety interlocks are maintained or improved.

**Solve Parts Availability Problems for Old Breakers**

Replacement parts for old breakers are becoming harder and harder to find as technology continually advances. Parts availability issues are basically eliminated with AR-Series breakers. Mechanism parts and control components are current production items and are in stock. Additionally, AR-Series breakers use common components across the product line. This can save in future spare parts investment.

**Reduce Maintenance Cost and Downtime with Reliable Magnum™ DS Breaker Technology**

Maintenance procedures commonly associated with vintage air magnetic circuit breakers take 8–12 hours on average per breaker. Eaton’s Magnum DS breaker technology reduces normal maintenance to 2–6 hours per breaker. The arc chutes, contacts, mechanism and control components can be easily inspected and minor maintenance (such as lubricating the mechanism) can be easily accomplished. Arc chutes can easily be removed with two bolts and visually inspected or replaced. By removing the arc chutes, viewing the main contacts along with their contact wear indicator results in a quick and simple decision to replace if necessary. Spare parts inventory is considerably reduced because AR-Series breakers use common parts throughout the entire product line, including new Magnum DS Switchgear assemblies.

For more information on Magnum DS breaker elements, see **Volume 3, Tab 4.**

**Increase Interruption Rating**

Dynamic changes resulting from larger transformers, bus ties, parallel generation, and new sources of incoming power can drastically increase the level of available short-circuit current in low voltage power distribution systems. The bus system’s momentary capability can be increased and the entire switchgear structure can be re-certified to the new higher levels by Eaton’s factory qualified service engineers. Many of the AR-Series breakers are available to increase interrupting capabilities while still maintaining the original circuit breaker dimensions. This provides a savings versus the cost of replacing the switchgear. Cell-to-breaker coding systems are maintained or corrected to comply with IEEE/ANSI standards.

**Increase Continuous Current Rating**

Changes to industrial and commercial facilities, such as increased manufacturing operations, will typically increase the demand for electrical power within the facility. Often, an increase in electrical demand can cause the load on a circuit to exceed the circuit breaker’s continuous current rating. Eaton’s factory qualified service engineers can inspect existing low voltage metal-enclosed switchgear, including the existing breaker cubicles, line and load power stabs, load cables, and bus system to verify the application for a circuit breaker ampacity upgrade. Many of the AR-Series breakers are available with increased continuous current ratings.

**Features**

- AR replacement breakers are 100% rated, UL listed (check factory), and built and tested in an ISO 9001 and 14001 certified facility
- Safety: the cell door can remain closed with the breaker in connect, test or disconnect position. Simultaneously, the trip unit, open-close controls, and breaker nameplate data are all readily visible
- Designed for easy access, inspection and minimal maintenance. The stored energy mechanism, control devices, accessories and secondary contacts are easily accessible by removing the front cover. The contact wear indicator eliminates the need for elaborate testing to determine if the contact assembly needs replacing. The arc chutes can also be easily removed and inspected
- Installation savings and robust interface reduce installation and commissioning time with our unique design concept. No modifications required to the original line/load power stabs or secondary disconnect contacts. Modifications to the original cubicle are often eliminated with an easy-to-install cubicle adapter (cassette). The cassette includes new extension rails and levering-in adapters, resulting in a more robust breaker-to-cubicle interface. We also provide a new door to match the replacement breaker

**Availability**

Designs available for:

- Westinghouse
- General Electric
- Allis-Chalmers
- Federal Pacific
- ITE/ABB

**Standards and Certifications**

All AR-Series low voltage power air circuit breakers are designed and tested to meet or exceed IEEE/ANSI C37.59-2002 standards. This ensures compatibility with existing installations and IEEE/ANSI application guidelines. IEEE/ANSI certification and certified factory production test reports are available.



Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning



Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers. . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning	
Standards and Certifications . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-44</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning

General Description

Low voltage power circuit breakers are designed to be serviceable devices over a long service life. These breakers and the associated switchgear have been available in the industry for over 50 years, and a large installed base of equipment by many manufacturers exists throughout the United States and Canada.

The low voltage switchgear is essentially static. It consists of structures, buswork, control wiring and metering components. If periodically cleaned, it will last almost indefinitely.

The low voltage power breakers are the essential elements of the switchgear. They are required to properly conduct the normal load current for the vast majority of time, and still provide the means of interrupting an overload or fault current whenever it may occur.

These breakers contain insulation systems (600 Vac normal three-phase voltage or less), conductors (from 225 to over 5000A continuous), a mechanism to open and close the breaker, a trip system to provide protection of the circuit and the circuit breaker, and an interruption system (arc chutes and contact structures) that can handle fault currents as high as 100,000A.

While some breakers are fixed mounted (bolted into the switchgear), the vast majority are drawout for ease of inspection and maintenance of the breaker, as well as to provide maximum isolation of the load. These drawout breakers include primary disconnects (for the three-phase conductors), secondary disconnects (for breaker control wiring), a levering-in mechanism (to assist in the insertion and withdrawal of the breaker) and an interlock system (to ensure that a closed breaker cannot be inserted or withdrawn from the connected position).

Additional common options to low voltage power circuit breakers include electric operation of the mechanism, shunt trip and close coils for remote operation of the breaker, undervoltage trip systems, and additional auxiliary switches for annunciation and control schemes.

Factors that affect the life of these circuit breaker subsystems include time, ambient temperature, humidity, cleanliness of the environment (contamination and corrosive elements), number of normal load operations, number of fault current interruptions, load current magnitude, and maintenance cycle.

While periodic maintenance, cleaning, lubrication and testing of the circuit breaker can and will prolong its life, at some point, the circuit breaker must either be completely reconditioned or replaced. Failure or mis-operation of any of the breaker’s subsystems will render it to be ineffective for its intended purpose and dangerous for personnel or downstream equipment.

Class 1 reconditioning of the low voltage power circuit breaker is a cost-effective method to restore all of the breaker’s subsystems to full functionality and prolong the life of the breaker for many additional years.

**Manufacturers**

Class 1 reconditioning is available for all major manufacturers’ low voltage power circuit breakers that have been produced over the last 50 years. These breakers are rated at 600 Vac, 225 to 5000A continuous, 15,000 to 100,000A interrupting. The manufacturers include, but are not limited to:

- Westinghouse
- Cutler-Hammer
- General Electric
- ITE
- ABB
- Allis-Chalmers
- Siemens
- Square D
- Federal Pacific
- Federal Pioneer

**Advantages**

Eaton's Electrical Sector is the world leader in low voltage power circuit breaker and trip systems technology. EESS is uniquely positioned to provide Class 1 reconditioning of low voltage power circuit breakers.

All Class 1 reconditioning is done at facilities dedicated to the purpose. These are known as Aftermarket Centers of Excellence (ACEs). These facilities utilize state-of-the-art equipment in cleaning, plating, assembly and testing of the breakers. Each facility utilizes identical standards and procedures in the reconditioning process. The reconditioned breakers are tested to the same standards as new production breakers. The breaker test results are stored in a North American database (Pow-R Test), facilitating predictive maintenance and trending. All manufacturers' breaker information is stored in our Pow-R Master Database and available to every ACE performing the work. Breaker trip systems are upgraded to the latest Digitrip technology, the same trip system used in new production DS and SPB breakers. Original OEM replacement parts are exclusively used to replace broken, out of specification or missing components.

**Quality Control and National Standards**

All reconditioning will be conducted under the direction of a quality control and reconditioning standard, pursuant to ISO® 9001 certification. A quality certificate will document the progress of each breaker through the reconditioning process. Eaton has multiple locations (minimum of five) strategically located throughout North America that share best practices of reconditioning and work to a consistent national standard. They utilize the same task-specific equipment for cleaning and testing at all locations to ensure the quality of the product.

**Receiving and Data Collection**

Upon receipt at the reconditioning center, the following process will be performed on each breaker.

- Assign a unique job and breaker identification number
- Record all nameplate data, customer identification, existing trip settings, and all numbers unique to each breaker by direct entry into a national computer database archive for future use and retrieval
- If electrically operated, record all accessories included on the circuit breaker, as well as the close, trip and charge volts. The latest copy of the customer's control schematic will be obtained prior to disassembly and/or test. Eaton will have the capability of retrieving control schematics for the breakers it manufactured
- The circuit breaker will be inspected for physical damage. Parts that need to be replaced will be recorded. A quotation will be issued to the customer for replacement of the defective part(s)

**Preliminary Testing and Inspection**

The breaker will be manually and/or electrically operated. The following tests will be performed.

- All breakers:
  - Each primary pole insulator will be tested for dielectric integrity by applying 1000 Vdc between each conductor and ground and between line and load
  - With the breaker closed, the contact resistance using a 10 ampere conductor will be measured
  - Measure the trip bar force using a force gauge
  - Measure the trip button/actuator device force using a force gauge
  - Verify continuity of current limiting fuses (if equipped) and measure the resistance using a 10 ampere conductor; check blown fuse indicators' integrity
  - Verify overcurrent trip device operation via primary injection (not required if a trip unit retrofit is to be installed)
- Additional tests for Electrically Operated Breakers:
  - Charge the breaker; close and trip electrically
  - Verify undervoltage, pickup and dropout (if equipped)
  - Check auxiliary switch operation and condition

**Centralized Database**

The results of all the above tests and measurements shall be entered into the Eaton centralized database.

**Breaker Disassembly, Cleaning and Preparation**

- The circuit breaker will be completely disassembled to its component parts. All parts will be inspected for wear and physical damage
- All heavily carbonized components will be cleaned and degreased in a Vaque® Wet Blast System to produce a smooth finish without degrading the component's surface
- All current carrying parts, main/arcing contacts, ground contacts and primary disconnects will be cleaned, burnished and polished in a TOREX® vibratory system loaded with a medium specifically designed to clean silver plating. Dry blasting or other abrasive cleaning systems that can remove silver plating or distort the contacts' surfaces will not be used
- All pole piece moldings and insulating components will be cleaned in a Giant™ ceramic polisher that cleans and polishes the components surface without scratching

- After cleaning, each component shall be dried to obtain 1000 megohms when megger tested at 1000 Vdc. They will be sealed with a dielectric grade sealant
  - All heavily soiled and/or greasy items including mechanisms will be initially cleaned in a non-abrasive agitator filled with a biodegradable cleaning solution capable of degreasing, de-scaling and de-burring without degrading the components surface and without the introduction or embedding of grit or other abrasive materials
  - All frames will be stripped to bare metal in preparation for plating
  - After cleaning, all ferrous metal frames, mechanism parts and linkages will be yellow zinc dichromate plated to provide superior rust resistance to exposed and hidden surfaces. Painting of covers, handles and indicators will be done
  - A detailed inspection will be performed of all mechanism components and linkages to detect stress fractures and excessive wear that can cause premature failure. Magnification will be used on small components if necessary
  - Arc chutes will be hand-wiped and cleaned with a clean dry cloth. They will be megger tested at 1000 Vdc. If the megger value is less than 1000 megohms, the arc chute assembly will be dried and retested. If the retest value is greater than 1000 megohms, then arc chute surface will be sealed with the manufacturer's recommended dielectric grade clear sealant. If the retest value is still less than 1000 megohms, then the arc chute will be replaced
  - Charging motor (if so equipped) will be removed. The drive shaft bushings will be inspected and replaced if worn. The motor will be cleaned and reconditioned. All ratchet pawls and springs will be inspected and replaced or repaired if necessary.
  - Gearbox (if equipped) will be removed, disassembled and fully inspected. Any defective or leaking components will be repaired and cleaned
- Circuit Breaker Reassembly and Adjustment will Include:**
- The circuit breaker frame will be reassembled using new yellow zinc dichromate plated hardware
  - A database of instruction books that list the original manufacturer's information on recommended lubricants. When the recommended lubricants are no longer available or have been changed, the reconditioner's new breaker design group may analyze and recommend newer, high technology lubricants as a substitute
  - The operating mechanism will be reassembled, lubricated and reinstalled on the circuit breaker frame
  - Reassemble and install the main and arcing contact components, and lubricate as recommended by the original manufacturer's information
  - Reassemble, lubricate, install and align the racking mechanism and the electrical and/or mechanical charging mechanism (if applicable)
  - Install all electrical components and secure wiring harness (if applicable)
  - Align the contacts for proper surface wipe and mating. Perform a contact wipe test. Verify that the percent contact wipe and the wipe width are per the original manufacturer's information
  - Adjust the main contacts for proper gap, pressure and contact resistance, and adjust arcing contacts for proper gap per the original manufacturer's information
  - Install new Eaton Digitrip microprocessor trip system where specified
  - When a new trip device is added to the breaker or when changes are made to the original mechanism or arc interruption system, an additional nameplate shall be installed in accordance with IEEE/ANSI C37.59-1996 Section 8.3 and shall include the unique serial/identification number

### Standards and Certifications

The retrofitted breaker will be designed, manufactured, applied, installed and certification tested in accordance with the latest applicable sections of:

- IEEE/ANSI C37.13
- IEEE/ANSI C37.16
- IEEE/ANSI C37.17
- IEEE/ANSI C37.50
- IEEE/ANSI C37.59-1996
- IEEE/ANSI C37.100
- UL 1066 (For originally UL listed and labeled designs)

### Test Procedures

#### General Production Testing

Each reconditioned low voltage power circuit breaker will be tested to the applicable sections of IEEE/ANSI C37.50 Section 6 and UL 1066 if the breaker was originally UL labeled. The testing will include, but not be limited to:

- Measuring and recording trip bar force
- Setting of the microprocessor trip
- Performing control and secondary wiring and device check tests
- Performing dielectric withstand tests
- Performing no-load operations tests
- Verifying interlock and cell interface
- Test position dielectric withstand (original UL labeled breakers only)

#### Trip Bar Force Measurement

Measure and record the circuit breaker's trip bar force.

#### Microprocessor Trip Device Setting

Direct-acting trip devices will be tested/calibrated to determine their conformance to published trip characteristic curves. Each breaker will be primary injection tested using a sinusoidal-wave-shape, single-phase 60 Hz current at a convenient voltage. The primary injection test device will be computer controlled to ensure accuracy in the applied currents. The primary injection test device will be capable of

direct output of the test results to a printer or storage device. The applicable tests will be performed.

- Long-time-delay-element pickup
- Short-time-delay-element pickup
- Instantaneous-element pickup
- Time delay of long-time-delay-element
- Time delay of short-time-delay-element
- Ground-element pickup
- Time delay of the ground element

#### Control, Secondary Wiring and Devices Check Test

Perform control, secondary wiring and devices checks per IEEE/ANSI C37.50.6.3 to verify that all connections are correct per the wiring diagram. Those circuits for which operation or testing is not feasible will be checked for continuity.

#### Dielectric Withstand Tests

Perform dielectric withstand tests per IEEE/ANSI C37.50.6.4. The applied test voltages will be essentially sinusoidal (within 20% of the rated frequency of the circuit breaker being tested) and will have a minimum crest value equal to 1.414 times the specified test voltage potentials. The potential will be increased gradually from zero so as to reach the required test value in 5 to 10 seconds, and will be held at that value for 1 minute, except for the momentary control voltages (listed in number 4 below). The following test values are applied to Class 1 reconditioned low voltage power circuit breakers.

1. 2200 Vac for the primary circuit of a completely assembled circuit breaker.
2. 1500 Vac for secondary control wiring and control devices, including current sensors and magnetic latch, except (3), (4) and (5).

3. 1000 Vac for new or reconditioned motors.
4. 500 Vac momentary for control devices and circuitry operating at 80 Vac rms (110 Vdc) or less that are not connected directly to the primary circuit or external, secondary control circuits.
5. Twice rated voltage plus 1000 Vac for undervoltage trip devices operating at a voltage above 250 Vac.

#### No-Load Operation Test

Perform no-load operation test per IEEE/ANSI C37.50.6.5.1 (for electrically operated breakers).

- Five closing and five opening operations at minimum control voltage
- Five closing, five opening and five trip-free operations at maximum control voltage
- Two operations to check antipumping, which will be performed in the following manner:
  - Apply uninterrupted control power to the closing circuit of the open circuit breaker as the closing signal
  - Trip the circuit breaker; the circuit to remain open until closing circuit power has been interrupted and then restored
- Check all other devices, both electrical and mechanical, for proper operation

Perform no-load operation tests per IEEE/ANSI C37.50.6.5.2 (for manually operated breakers):

- Five closing and five opening operations
- When shunt trip is used, a minimum of five openings using the shunt trip at the minimum control voltage specified for the coil
- Five trip-free operations
- Check all other devices for proper mechanical operation

#### Interlock and Cell Interface

Verify the functional operation of all circuit breaker interlocks and cell interfaces in a cell structure, preferably a cell in the reconditioner's facility.

#### Test Position Dielectric Withstand (UL Listed Breakers Only)

Original UL listed breakers will have their dielectric withstand verified by placing the breaker in the test position, closing the breaker, and applying 2200 Vac across the cell's primary conductors for 1 minute. No dielectric breakdown shall occur.

#### Open-Fuse Trip Device (If Included)

Test the trip device mechanically or by application of proper voltage to the device to establish positive tripping of the fused circuit breaker.

#### Undervoltage Test

The undervoltage device will be tested for pickup and dropout voltages.

#### Breaker Data History

All breaker information, unique identification number, and Eaton test results shall be recorded on the reconditioner test form and in the Eaton centralized database to track each breaker for predictive maintenance. A copy of the test form, with the test results and a quality certificate, shall be delivered with each circuit breaker.

#### Warranty

Each Class 1 reconditioned low voltage power circuit breaker will include Eaton's 2-year warranty.



**ARMS Conversions**



**Contents**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers. . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits. . . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

**Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions**

**Product Description**

A circuit breaker equipped with an Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System retrofit can improve safety by providing the worker with a simple and reliable method to reduce fault clearing time. A lockable switch that can be incorporated into a Lock Out Tag Out (LOTO) procedure controls the Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System. Workers can easily create and control fast tripping time at the work location by using this new solution. Work locations downstream of a circuit breaker with this retrofit can have a significantly lower incident energy level. The Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System can be applied to any retrofitted low voltage power breaker by modifying an existing Digitrip trip unit or retrofitting a breaker with a Digitrip retrofit kit.

**Features, Benefits and Functions**

- Increases worker safety by limiting exposure to arc flash energy
- Extremely easy to use
- Enabled with the circuit breaker door closed by a door-mounted lockable switch (no special PPE required)
- Used only for the time required to perform the work and is not enabled continuously
- Preserves overcurrent coordination under normal conditions
- Reduces the arc flash hazard level for the time to perform the work task
- Improves worker comfort and mobility via reduction in incident energy levels that may permit reduced levels of PPE

#### Retrofit Kits



#### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits	
Features . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-47</b>
Reference Information . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-49</b>
Product Selection . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-49</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

### Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits

#### Product Description

##### Application

Eaton's Digitrip RMS retrofit kits are fully engineered, field installable retrofit kits that enable the user to completely replace an existing tripping system. They are applicable to (600 Vac) low voltage power breakers and are designed for application on both Eaton power breakers and non-Eaton power breakers.

Digitrip RMS retrofit kits provide true rms sensing, the most accurate and current state-of-the-art technology for measuring amperage loads. True rms sensing removes the possibility of false tripping due to harmonic distortion of the power waveform and enables greater accuracy in selective coordination of the power distribution system. The microprocessor-based Digitrip trip unit also allows communications for remote monitoring to a host computer or local AEM via the PowerNet communication system.

##### Ratings

Digitrip RMS retrofit kits are available for a wide variety of both Eaton and non-Eaton low voltage power breaker frames. Ratings range from 100 to 4000A. Digitrip retrofit kits provide the user with adaptive flexibility due to multi-tapped current sensors and interchangeable rating plugs and programmable pickup and time delay settings.

##### History and Technology

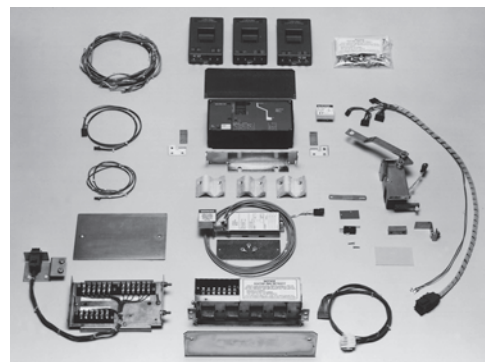
In the past, there have been three types of automatic control for low voltage power breakers. Electromechanical (EM) trip units, solid-state peak sensing trip units, and state-of-the-art true rms sensing trip units.

EM trip units were initially used in the early 1950s and phased out by all manufacturers in the mid-1970s. EM trip units were composed of a solenoid, springs, a diaphragm, seals and air venting apertures. Three trip units were required per breaker. Due to age or harsh environments, these devices would fail or lose calibration. They required a great deal of preventive maintenance.

Peak sensing trip units were an improvement and provided improved reliability and accuracy. Only one trip unit was required per breaker; however, peak sensing trip units were not able to handle harmonic

conditions. They caused nuisance tripping and unnecessary downtime.

True rms trip units enable the measuring of current rather than the sensing of current. Since they are microprocessor-based digital devices, they are capable of taking discrete samples of the current waveform in each phase. By applying a mathematical algorithm, the current is accurately mapped out and measured. This method of measurement provides the ability to adapt to a changing harmonic content while providing repeatable and reliable protection.



**Kit Components**

### Features

Digitrip retrofit kits come in several different model types. Among these types, they provide a variety of accommodating features (see Kit Type table on **Page V3-T10-48**).

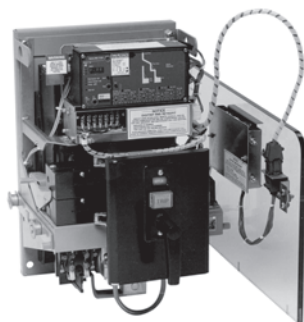
**True rms** measurement and protection. Extremely accurate and able to accommodate harmonic content and disturbances.

**Ground fault** protection may be added to an existing power breaker. Ground fault protection is offered in a three-wire and a four-wire version.

**Zone interlocking** is available on the short time and ground fault modes of protection. This enables enhanced selectivity for high fault and ground fault coordination between the main and feeder breakers.

**Local monitoring** via a display. A red LED display enables the user to step through and read currents and energy readings for each phase and ground.

**Communications** via the PowerNet system. This allows all pertinent information, regarding static and dynamic operation of the breaker, to be remotely monitored either by a host computer or local display monitor. This facilitates energy management and power management. Remember: "If you can't measure it, you can't manage it."



**Retrofit Breaker**

### Trip Functions

All Digitrip RMS retrofit kit types are available with the necessary combinations of long, short, instantaneous and ground fault (LSIG) modes of protection as depicted and deemed necessary by industry standards.

The combinations of modes of protection are:

- LI
- LS
- LSI
- LIG
- LSG
- LSIG

### The Packaged Kit

Each Digitrip RMS retrofit kit includes a Digitrip trip unit, an auxiliary CT module, a Direct Trip Actuator (DTA), quantity (three or four) current sensors, a rating plug, interconnecting wiring harnesses, mounting brackets, copper connectors (when required), hardware and installation instructions. Digitrip RMS retrofit kits are complete tripping systems specifically engineered for each breaker type and frame rating. All kits are designed for field installation.

### Application and Service Condition

In order to ensure that Digitrip RMS retrofit kits are successfully applied, installation must only be done by a qualified individual. Appropriate testing must be performed to qualify the retrofitted breaker prior to placing the breaker in service. Digitrip RMS retrofit kits will provide protection in accordance with their published time-current characteristic curves and in accordance with the original breaker manufacturers specifications on breakers that have been properly maintained and operate in accordance with the original manufacturer's operating instructions.

### Service Life

The physical structure, the bus assemblies and control wiring of switchgear are normally in good condition. The replacement of the trip system coupled along with either refurbishment or reconditioning of the breaker will prolong the life of the switchgear and provide modern state-of-the-art protection.

### Availability

Digitrip retrofit kits are currently available for select breaker frames for the following manufacturers:

- Eaton
- Westinghouse
- General Electric
- ITE
- Allis-Chalmers
- Federal Pacific
- Roller Smith
- Siemens-Allis

### Additional Offerings

- Retrofit kits using OPTIM™ 750 and 1050 trip units are available for use on DS breakers

# 10.5

## Power System Studies, Field Services and Conversions

### Retrofit Services

#### Kit Type

<b>Digitrip Kit Features</b>	<b>RMS 510</b>	<b>RMS 510 Zone</b>	<b>RMS 610</b>	<b>RMS 810</b>	<b>RMS 910</b>
Cause of trip LED indicators	■	■	■	■	■
Integral self test	■	■	■	■	■
Trip reset button	■	■	■	■	■
Thermal memory hardware driven	—	—	—	—	—
Thermal memory software driven selectable (on/off)	■	■	■	■	■
Discriminator circuit on LS and LSG protection modes	—	—	—	—	—
Discriminator circuit on LS and LSG protection modes selectable (on/off)	■	■	■	■	■
Zone protective interlocking for short-time and ground fault modes of protection	—	■	■	■	■
Auxiliary contact for long time, short-circuit and ground fault functions	—	■	■	■	■
Local display of phase currents	—	—	■	■	■
Local display of ground currents	—	—	■	■	■
Local display of cause of trip	—	—	■	■	■
Local display of energy (MWh)	—	—	—	■	■
Local display of peak demand (MW)	—	—	—	■	■
Local display of present demand (MW)	—	—	—	■	■
Communication with PowerNet communicated data includes:	—	—	—	■	■
All display values					
Trip unit status					
High load alarm					
Cause of trip					
Rating plug status					
Breaker status					
Reason for breaker status					
Trip settings	—	—	—	■	■
Power factor	—	—	—	■	■
Control via the PowerNet system (open/close)	—	—	—	■	■
Voltage phase-to-phase, displayed on trip unit and communicated via PowerNet communication	—	—	—	—	■
Total current harmonic distortion (THD); phase A, B, C. Displayed on trip unit and communicated via PowerNet communication	—	—	—	—	■
Total current harmonic distortion per harmonic from the 2nd through the 27th harmonic displayed on trip unit and communicated via PowerNet communication	—	—	—	—	■
System power factor. Displayed on trip unit and communicated via PowerNet communication	—	—	—	—	■
Waveform analysis data to PowerNet computer	—	—	—	—	■



**Reference Information**

Sales Brochure for  
Digitrip RMS Retrofit  
Kits: B.22D.01.S.E

Instructions for the  
Application of Digitrip RMS  
Retrofit Kits on Power Circuit  
Breakers: AD 33-855- 4

Digitrip RMS 510  
Trip Unit: IL 29-885-B

Digitrip RMS 610  
Trip Unit: IL 29-886-A

Digitrip RMS 810  
Trip Unit: IL 29-888-A

Digitrip RMS 910  
Trip Unit: IL 29-889-A

Time Current Curves  
for DS and DSL Circuit  
Breakers: AD 32-870

Retrofit Kit Product Guide  
call 1-800-937-5487:  
Doc. #9375487

Illustrates catalog number  
system for each engineered  
kit: Volume 12, Aftermarket,  
Renewal Parts and Life  
Extension Solutions.

**Product Selection****Customer Required Information**

In order to obtain the proper  
kit, the following information  
should be provided to Eaton:

- Breaker nameplate information:
  - Manufacturer
  - Breaker type
  - Ampere frame size
  - Manually or electrically operated
- Drawout or fixed mounting
- Fused or non-fused
- Digitrip trip unit type required: 510, 610, 810, 910
- Protective functions required: LI, LSI, LS, LIG, LSG, LSI
- Continuous current rating required (trip rating of breaker)
- Three-wire or four-wire system (determines number of sensors required)

To properly select options,  
the following questions need  
to be answered:

- Will customer supply 120 Vac control power or is breaker-mounted CPT needed? **Applies only to Digitrip 610, 810 and 910**
- Are zone interlocks required?
- Does the application require relay outputs from the Digitrip 610, 810 or 910 for remote indication?
- Does the breaker have an existing Amptector or Digitrip trip unit installed? If so, what is it?

DB-25 LV-VSR



### Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement

#### General Description

Eaton's low voltage VSR is a self-contained vacuum starter replacement for a low voltage drawout air circuit breaker used for motor starting applications.

In some cases, LV air circuit breakers are used for motor starting applications. Air circuit breakers are not designed to withstand the frequent switching service and mechanical stresses associated with repetitive motor starting duty. This is due to the breaker mechanism that must be designed to close and latch against a fault. In order to meet these requirements, the mechanism must close at high speeds with a great deal of force. Frequent closing operations stress and deteriorate the breaker mechanisms.

Eaton's LV-VSR is a self-contained replacement vacuum starter for an LV drawout air circuit breaker. The LV-VSR is interchangeable with the drawout breaker element and requires no cell modifications.

#### Features

##### Advantages

The use of an LV-VSR vacuum starter can prolong device life and significantly reduce maintenance repair and downtime.

A low voltage air circuit breaker has an effective life of 4000 operations while an LV-VSR vacuum starter has an effective life of 1,000,000 operations. For example, a motor starting application that required two starts per hour on continuous duty would require a major rebuild of the LV breaker within three months. The expected life of an LV-VSR vacuum starter would be over 50 years.

The LV-VSR vacuum starter uses state-of-the-art Eaton vacuum interrupters. The interrupters employ the latest vacuum technology with long life, resistance to environmental contaminants, and positive contact wear indicators.

### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement Technical Data and Specifications . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-51</b>
MCC Replacement Units . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-52</b>

#### Series Current Limiting Fuses

Class J current limiting fuses provide short-circuit protection and allow a combination rating of 100 kA at 480 or 600V.

#### C440 Electronic Overload Relay

Eaton's C440 multi-function electronic, motor protection relay provides the following features:

- Overload protection, Class 10A, 10, 20 or 30
- Phase unbalance protection, selectable (ON/OFF)
- Ground fault selectable (ON/OFF)
- Remote reset
- Alarm relay output contact
- LED status indication
- Communication modules
  - Modbus RTU RS-485
  - DeviceNet with IO
  - PROFIBUS with IO

The integral, solid-state, trip units used on the air circuit breakers are designed primarily for cable and transformer protection. Motors require more precisely set overcurrent devices that prevent motor damage as well as avoiding nuisance tripping. A solid-state relay, Eaton Type C440, provides overload protection and phase unbalance protection. This relay was exclusively designed for motor protection.

#### Motor Starter

The LV-VSR consists of an Eaton V201 vacuum contactor, Class J current limiting fuses, multi-function motor protective relay, three current transformers and an integral control power transformer.

#### Vacuum Contactor

Eaton's V201 vacuum contactor is designed for starting and controlling three-phase, 50/60 Hz AC motors. Current interruption is contained within the vacuum bottles and no arc byproducts are vented to the outside environment. Contact condition is given by wear indicators.

**VSR Designs**

- Westinghouse DS
- GE
- ITE
- and others

Contact EESS at 877-276-9379 for more details.

**Life**

Exceptional electrical and mechanical life is offered by the V201 contactor—up to 1,000,000 electrical operations and 2,500,000 mechanical operations, even under harsh conditions.

**Drawout Capability**

The LV-VSR is mounted on a drawout frame and maintains the safety interlocking system of the LV switchgear.

**Ease of Installation**

The LV-VSR may be inserted into a standard breaker compartment without modification to the compartment. The primary and secondary contact structures and drawout mechanism are identical. The LV-VSR control scheme will interface with standard switchgear wiring with no cell modifications and remote control schemes, if existing, are maintained.

**Safety Features**

The LV-VSR vacuum starter retains all the safety features of the LV switchgear including:

- Racking the LV-VSR vacuum starter is prevented while the contactor is in the closed position. Closing the LV-VSR vacuum starter is prevented while racking
- Breaker position indication is provided (connected, test, disconnect, remove)
- The LV-VSR vacuum starter is padlockable (optional) in either the connect, test or disconnect positions
- Positive ground connection is maintained
- Closed door tripping
- Closed-door control, if existing, can be maintained

**LV-VSR Control Features**

LV-VSR vacuum starter offers the following standard control features. Other devices can be supplied on request.

- Start-stop pushbuttons and run pilot light
- Eaton C440 electronic overload relay
- 2A/2B auxiliary contact
- 1A/1B trip contact (overload or short circuit)
- Provision for remote control operation
- Integral control power transformer
- Custom designed wiring schemes

**Ease of Maintenance**

The LV-VSR control components are front mounted for easy access.

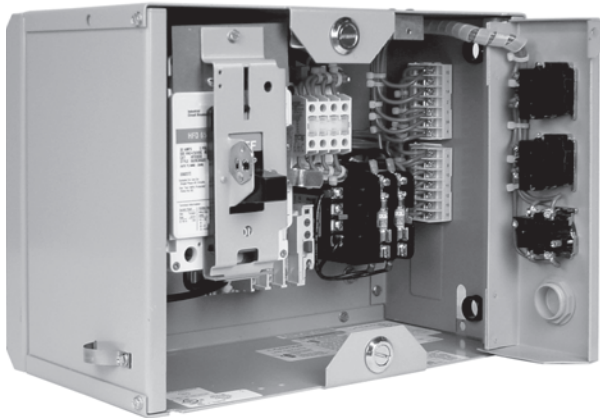
The LV-VSR uses the same line and load finger clusters, secondary contact assemblies and drawout mechanism as the original circuit breaker. Renewal parts are readily available.

**Technical Data and Specifications****Ratings**

The LV-VSR vacuum starter is rated as follows:

- Maximum continuous current—425A
- Maximum voltage rating—600V
- Short-circuit rating at 240–600V 200 kA
- Maximum motor hp at 480V 235 hp
- Maximum motor hp at 240V 117 hp
- Maximum motor hp at 600V 294 hp

ITE 5600 Series Motor Control Center Replacement Unit



### MCC Replacement Units

#### General Description

Eaton's motor control center (MCC) replacement units are newly manufactured, UL labeled units designed for easy installation into existing MCCs. We manufacture units to fit into Westinghouse, Cutler-Hammer and other manufacturers such as GE, Square D and ITE.

Replacement units allow new starters and feeders to be added to existing motor control centers to replace defective units or to upgrade units.

#### Advantages

Motor starters are used in applications where continuous operation and frequent opening and closing are required. These conditions lead to eventual mechanical failure of contactors despite best maintenance efforts.

Replacement MCC units are the most time-efficient and cost-effective way to restore the original assembly to operational condition.

Complete replacement of the MCC involves costly demolition, removal and re-installation. Downtime is extensive. The MCC assembly often is in good condition since there is very little deterioration of the enclosure, the bus or the control wiring with normal maintenance and proper installation.

Replacement units are newly manufactured and have no used or fatigued parts. Because they can be manufactured to existing wiring diagrams, the installation time is minimal. Only the power connections and those wiring terminations external to the MCC are required to be disconnected and reconnected. The replacement unit interchanges with the existing unit without field modifications. Downtime is significantly reduced.

### Contents

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Medium Voltage Vacuum Replacement Circuit Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-34</b>
AR Series Low Voltage Replacement Breakers . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-39</b>
Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Reconditioning . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-41</b>
Arcflash Reduction Maintenance System™ Conversions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-45</b>
Digitrip Microprocessor Trip Unit Retrofit Kits . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-46</b>
Low Voltage Breaker Drawout Vacuum Starter Replacement . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-50</b>
MCC Replacement Units	
Standards and Certifications . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-54</b>
Product Selection. . . . .	<b>V3-T10-54</b>

### Features

#### **Brand New Replacement Unit—Not a Retrofit**

All motor control units, removable or fixed mounted, are assembled with Eaton components of proven safety, quality and reliability. All components are wired in accordance with NEMA and UL 845 standards.

Eaton has specifically designed bus stabs to form a standardization plug-in cell that meets the highest safety standards. These units fit into the existing space of the customer's original MCC.

#### **Solve Parts Availability Problems for Old Unsupported Products**

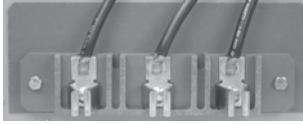
We can also provide additional inventory reduction for the customer by using components, such as starters, which are currently being used in other Eaton MCCs. Unit starter types include many options including: Freedom, A200 and Soft Start. Additional modifications include solid-state overloads, communication possibilities and several cover control options.

HMCP, HFD, HJD, HKD breakers and 10250T series pilot devices will provide the customer with standard features and current product to adequately maintain their MCCs for many years to come.

For additional information, contact 1-800-OLD-UNIT or your local Eaton Service Center.

**New Stab Design**

- Tin-plated clip surface
- Spring clip for extra pressure
- Sufficient insulating surface



**Eaton Designed Stabs**

**Unit Features**

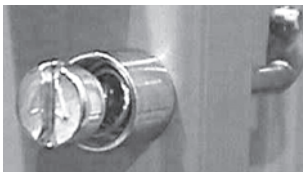
- Holes for top and bottom incoming line
- Self-aligning stab to bus
- Door device panel
- Knockout for terminal blocks



**Side Item Stab**

**Door Features**

- Door latch—1/4 turn
- Door hinge opens farther



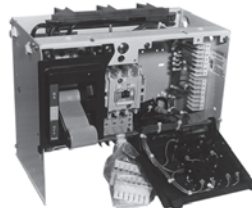
**Door Latch Closed**

**Unit Features**

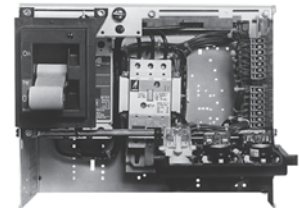
- Easy lock-out handle mechanism
- Easy lock-in bucket tabs
- HMCP/HFD breakers 65k rated
- Additional ground clip
- 10250T series cover controls



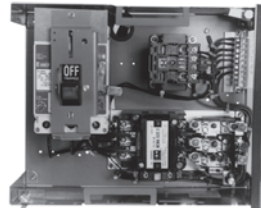
**Eaton FlashGard®  
(2008 to Present)**



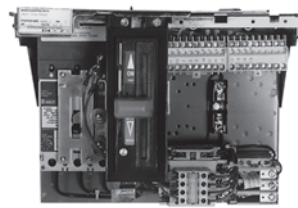
**F2100 Replacement Starter Unit  
(1995 to Present)**



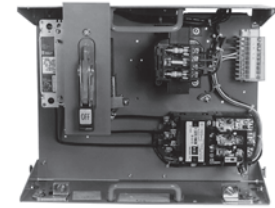
**Advantage Replacement Starter Unit  
(1992 to Present)**



**F-10 Unitrol Replacement Starter Unit  
(1972 to 1989)**



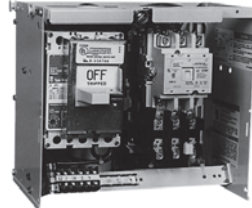
**Freedom Unitrol Replacement Starter Unit  
(1988 to 1994)**



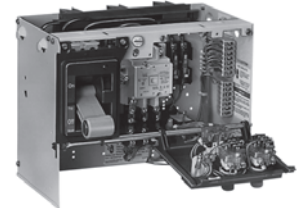
**9800 Unitrol Replacement Starter Unit  
(1956 to 1974)**



**11-300 Replacement Starter Unit  
(1935 to 1965)**



**Type W Replacement Starter Unit  
(1965 to 1975)**



**5-Star/Series 2100 Replacement Starter Unit  
(1975 to 1995)**

**UL 845 Eaton MCC Aftermarket Units**

Name Brand	MCC	Vintage Type
Westinghouse	11-300	1935 to 1965
Cutler-Hammer	9800 Unitrol	1956 to 1974
ITE	5600 Series	1957 to 1976
Gould	5600 Series	1957 to 1976
Telemecanique	5600 Series	1957 to 1976
Westinghouse	Type W	1965 to 1975
Cutler-Hammer	F10 Unitrol	1972 to 1989
Westinghouse	5 Star	1975 to 1986
Cutler-Hammer	Freedom Unitrol	1989 to 1994
Westinghouse	2100 Series ①	1986 to 1995
Westinghouse	Advantage™ ①	1991 to present
Cutler-Hammer	Freedom 2100 ①	1995 to present
Cutler-Hammer	<b>IT</b> . MCC	2002 to present
GE	7700/8000	1975 to present
Allen-Bradley	Centerline	1971 to present
Square D	Model 6	1992 to present
Siemens/Furnas 89	Series 89	1979 to 2001
Eaton	<b>IT</b> . FlashGard	2006 to present
Eaton	Freedom FlashGard	2007 to present

**Note**

① FlashGard replacement units available.

## Standards and Certifications

### ***Designed and Tested to NEMA/UL Standards***

Eaton MCC replacement units have passed all UL required short-circuit and heat tests. This high standard of testing is important to provide confidence to our customers that UL 845 units mean something for the upkeep of their equipment.



## Product Selection

10

### ***Availability***

Replacement units are available for all MCCs manufactured by Eaton, Cutler-Hammer or Westinghouse. Units are available as follows:

Eaton:

- F2100: 1995 to present
- Freedom Unitro: 1988 to 1994
- F-10 Unitrol: 1972 to 1989
- 9800 Unitrol: 1956 to 1974

Westinghouse:

- Advantage: 1992 to present
- Series 2100: 1987 to 1995
- 5 Star: 1975 to 1987
- Type W: 1965 to 1975
- 11-300: 1935 to 1965

All replacement units utilize Eaton HMCP motor circuit protectors allowing the units to be UL 508 combination rated 65 kA. The units can be supplied with either Freedom, Advantage, A200 or Citation starters.

### ***Communication Capability***

Eaton's MCC communication solutions include DeviceNet, EtherNet/IP, Modbus RTU, Modbus TCP, PROFIBUS, and Web interface using Eaton's Power Xpert<sup>®</sup> Architecture.

### ***Information Required***

In order to obtain the proper replacement unit, the following information should be provided to Eaton:

- MCC manufacturer
- MCC type
- Required starter hp rating
- Type of starter (i.e., FVNR, FVR, 2S2W, etc.)
- Desired protective features
- Desired control devices
- Desired control scheme

**Contents****Description**

Performance-Based Maintenance Services

**Performance-Based Maintenance Services****General Description**

Approximately 80 percent of all equipment failures occur on a random basis and are not age-related. Certainly, a well-designed, time-based preventive maintenance program can reduce failure rates, but what about these 80 percent of equipment failures that occur on no timetable? You could increase the rate of preventive maintenance activities, but that is no panacea. These maintenance activities tend to be invasive, introducing new defects that can actually increase failure rates.

Under pressure to deliver ever higher levels of availability, facilities managers are looking for a better way. An optimal maintenance program would:

- Enable you to schedule maintenance based on actual device operation history, rather than arbitrary calendar dates
- Eliminate unnecessary maintenance work and related production outages
- Reduce spare parts requirements due to increased accuracy of equipment history
- Reduce overall maintenance costs

You can achieve these results by having Eaton apply predictive analytic technologies to the maintenance program. The result is a strategy that Eaton calls "Performance-Based Maintenance." Services are scheduled and performed based on actual device operating history, not on arbitrary calendar dates. This knowledge-based approach reduces maintenance time, cost and spare parts requirements.

**Performance-Based Maintenance (PBM) Program**

Eaton offers Performance-Based Maintenance (PBM) solutions that fit various project needs, for single sites or multiple sites, and a full range of equipment types. This maintenance strategy actually integrates four proven maintenance programs to deliver quantifiable results at a guaranteed price:

- **The Planned Maintenance Module** addresses operational performance, as-left conditions, environmental considerations, and testing and calibration results
- **The Predictive Diagnostic Module** focuses on visual observations, environmental and thermal conditions, and predictive indicator results
- **The Reliability-Centered Maintenance Module** concentrates on the potential for injuries, environmental hazards and product losses or process interruptions
- **The Periodic Observations Module** centers on equipment loading, and visual and environmental observations

It is easy to get started on Performance-Based Maintenance program. EESS engineers visit your facility and perform a comprehensive site audit and needs assessment. While implementing electrical system testing and maintenance, EESS engineers review both the "condition" and "criticality" of each component with plant personnel. The condition is determined via traditional preventive maintenance procedures (industry-standard, time-based) combined with predictive diagnostic technologies. The criticality rating of each component is established through application of a reliability-centered maintenance approach, taking into account its potential impact on critical processes, safety and the environment. Then, EESS engineers recommend a maintenance interval (short-, mid- or long-term) for each component, as well as work scopes and periodic observation frequency.

You save money when this analysis reveals an opportunity to lengthen maintenance interviews or reduce the scope of maintenance work performed during scheduled outages. You improve uptime and reliability when this analysis reveals components on which preventive maintenance should be performed more frequently. You can increase reliability even more by redirecting some of your cost savings into additional predictive diagnostics and equipment modernization. EESS delivers a periodic scorecard to plant personnel, summarizing the recommendations, performance and results of the program.

**Elements of a Performance-Based Maintenance Program**

- Site audit and maintenance needs assessment
- Condition-based maintenance
- Reliability-centered maintenance (RCM)
- Predictive diagnostics
- Efficient algorithms to integrate equipment condition results, RCM input, predictive diagnostics and periodic observations
- Recommendations for immediate action, automation, remote monitoring, life extension, spare parts or upgrading
- Periodic observations while energized and operating
- Maintenance implemented based on equipment condition and criticality
- Root-cause failure analysis
- Periodic scorecard and customized reporting of results
- Continuous improvement
- Optional ensured performance improvements and ensured savings—typically, 15 percent savings over two performance cycles

Our knowledge management practices—when applied to optimize the maintenance program—reduce the potential for outages by predicting equipment failure or system problems, decrease the duration of outages by providing 24/7 remote troubleshooting, and reduce operating and maintenance costs by basing service on real-time equipment information rather than arbitrary timelines. The bottom-line is more effective maintenance service at lower cost.



**Contents**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
Power System Analysis Software	
Features, Benefits and Functions . . . . .	<b>V3-T10-58</b>

**Power System Analysis Software**

**Overview**

The extensive line of Eaton’s CYME Power Engineering Software features detailed network modeling, advanced analysis and specialized calculations for transmission, distribution and industrial power systems. From design to planning to contingency scenario management, the software allows system operators and engineers to quickly respond to changing network conditions and threats.

The evolution of the CYME software is highly driven by the specific needs of the utilities and electric industries to provide the cutting-edge solution that tackles everyday challenges and solves emerging issues.

**General Description**

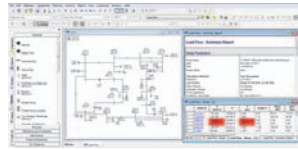
An extensive line of software is offered to help engineers model power systems, manage network assets, improve system reliability and power quality, and optimize network designs and operations to consequently yield an efficient and reliable network. The software offered includes:

- **CYME Power Engineering Software**—transmission, distribution and industrial power network modeling and system analysis
- **CYMCAP**—ampacity and temperature rise calculations for power cable installations
- **CYMTCC**—time overcurrent protection
- **CYMGRD**—substation grounding grid design and optimization

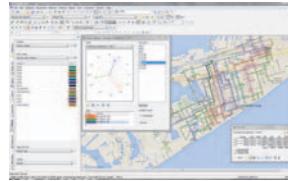
Data integration is also offered to allow combining information from various enterprise systems (GIS, SCADA, MDM/AMI/CIS, OMS, DMS) into a single complete network model within the CYME Power Engineering Software, providing high accuracy for reliable network simulation. Software solutions can also be integrated within different IT environments.

**Features, Benefits and Functions****CYME Power Engineering Software**

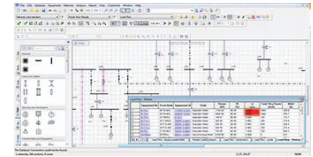
This flagship software is renowned for its analytical capabilities on power systems studies, user-friendly interface and extensive customization. From detailed network modeling to power flow, the CYME Power Engineering Software meets all analysis needs for transmission, distribution and industrial power systems.

**Transmission System Analysis**

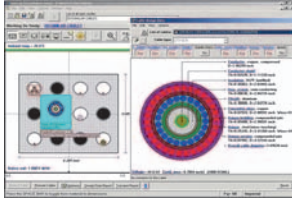
- Detailed modeling of on-site generation: gas, hydro, steam, PV, diesel, wind, etc.
- Modeling of transmission lines, DC line, static VAR compensators, FACTS, STATCOM, UPFC
- Load flow contingency analysis to establish optimal network operation
- Transient stability analysis to simulate electromechanical transients in electrical power systems
- System voltage stability assessment
- Optimal power flow analysis for system performance optimization
- System reliability through distance protection

**Distribution System Analysis**

- Modeling of medium and low voltage distribution feeders/circuits and associated equipment
- Secondary network analysis and operation of network protectors
- Distribution capacity planning studies
- Distributed Energy Resources (DER) impact studies
- Contingency scenario simulations and restoration
- Network optimization through capacitor placement, voltage regulator placement, recloser placement, network configuration through switching, load balancing
- Network-wide protection analysis
- Reliability assessment through reliability indices, fault analyses, arc flash hazards calculations
- Leveraging AMI/AMR data using the Steady-State Analysis with load profiles

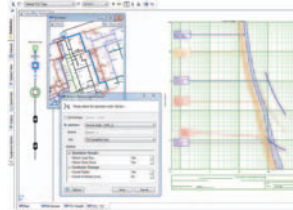
**Industrial System Analysis**

- Detailed modeling of motors, variable frequency drives
- Equipment sizing through short-circuit level and machine fault contribution evaluation
- Protective device analysis and coordination
- Motor starting analysis and drive system specifications
- Power quality assessment and filter design
- Arc flash hazard study for risk level assessment
- DC system modeling and analysis
- Sizing of generation facilities for islanding operation

**CYMCAP Cable Ampacity Calculation Software**

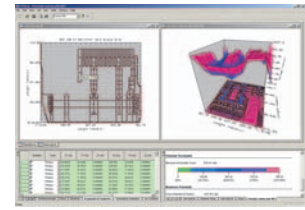
The CYMCAP software is dedicated to rating underground power cables, in order to determine the maximum current that power cables can carry without the risk of damaging their insulation throughout their in-service life. Therefore, the software can help by selecting the proper cable size and type required for a particular application and assessing the ratings of existing cables. CYMCAP is a key tool to optimize the management of existing cable installations and to design new ones, resulting in significant savings in the large capital costs associated with cable installations.

- Detailed cable modeling of any type of power cable: single-core, three-core, belted, pipe-type, sheathed, armored, etc. Both DC and AC circuits are supported
- Support of various bonding arrangements: single-point bonded, bonded at both ends (transposed or not), cross-bonded, etc.
- Modeling of standard and non-standard installations: duct bank, backfill, direct buried, buried in ducts, in air, on riser poles, tunnels, troughs (filled and unfilled), multiple casings, etc.
- Calculation of the steady-state, cyclic, emergency and short-circuit current rating and operating temperatures of cables
- Compliance with IEC 287© and IEC-853© International standards, Neher-McGrath and IEEE® standards
- Additional analysis such as cable rating optimization for cables in duct bank, sequence impedance calculation, electromagnetic field computation and circuits crossing analysis
- Modeling of heat sources/sinks, moisture migration phenomenon (soil dry-out)
- Real-time thermal rating of cables under temperature monitoring (with Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) systems, thermocouples, etc.)
- Evaluation of cables operating temperature history, which can help in assessing their remaining in-service life

**CYMTCC Protective Device Coordination Software**

The CYMTCC software addresses time overcurrent protection. With more than 15,000 protective devices from more than 100 manufacturers, this software is equipped with tools and analysis to help engineers validate protection schemes.

- Time-current curve plots, device settings report
- Protective device library of more than 15,000 devices from more than 100 different manufacturers
- IEEE/ANSI and IEC standards
- Cable and conductor damage curves, motor starting, transformer withstand curves
- Coordination, loading, protective reach
- Arc flash

**CYMGRD Grounding Grid Design and Analysis Software**

The CYMGRD software is a substation grounding grid design and analysis program specially developed to help engineers optimize the design of new grids and reinforce existing grids.

- Design of new grids and modifications to existing grids
- Finite element analysis
- Compliant with IEEE 80-2000
- Calculation of current split factor
- Uniform or two-layer soil model
- Sizing of grid conductors and electrodes
- Computation of grid resistance and ground potential rise
- Safety assessment for touch and step voltages
- Potential contour and profile plots